Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has been heard from again. Perhaps he is after a Cabinet position.

WE are in favor of sending Donald Cameron to the U. S. Senate again—if he will go.

HENDRICKS still sticks to it, that he didn't quarrel with Cleveland. Perhaps Cleveland quarrelled with him.

"HOW TO LIVE on a shilling a week" is a book which has been written since the result of the Presidential election was definitely known. It is timely.

THE Illinois State Canvassing Board is of opinion that the Legislature will be warm enough without that Chicago Brand.

BELVA ANN LOCKWOOD has written a letter to Cleveland congratulating him upon his election. We infer from this that Belva Ann at last concedes that she is beaten.

IT is reported that the Canadian Pacific Railroad will give employment to a construction force of 20,000 men during the winter. That is a cheerful sound from over the border.

WORTH, the Paris illiner, is coming to America to lecture on the art of dress. One of his lectures, entitled "A Symphony in Old Gold Velvet," is said to be quite too sweet for anything.

IT is a great deal better for a vigorous man to be a leader in the House than a figure-head in the Cabinet. Mr. Samuel J. Randall, we feel warranted in assuming, concurs heartily in this opinion.

BLAINE runs ahead of the State tickets everywhere. In Pennsylvania his majority was 6,000 greater than our Congressman at Large. In Illinois he had 28,000 majority while General Oglesby had only 13,532 majority.

CIVIL service Reform finds a friend in Secretary Teller, and he advances some very good reasons for the continuance of the system. Some one should send Mr. Hendricks a marked copy of Mr. Teller's report.

THE State Temperance Union of Kansas has repudiated Judas P. St. John, and so has pretty much every other respectable temperance organization in the country. St. John dug a grave for his party only to be buried in it himself.

A MAN who stood on the streets in Boston and hugged all the girls that came along was asserted to be insane. Considering that he was in Boston this may be right. If he had been in Bellefonte there would have been some motive for his act.

THE official state canvass in New York shows that the difference between the highest Blaine electors and the highest Cleveland electors is 1149 votes, while the difference between the highest Blaine electors and the lowest Cleveland electors is 1039. Between the two lowest electors on both tickets the difference is 1077. On such narrow margin does the political control of the National Government turn.

PRESIDENT GREEN prints a lengthy and circumstantial denial of the charge that the Western Union Telegraph Company withheld and manipulated the election returns from New York for partisan advantage. Mr. Green's action is scarcely necessary. These charges were made by the Democracy in its usual spirit of bluster, and were believed by none except those whose party prejudices were stronger than their common sense.

The Verdict of the North.

The plurality given in every Northern State, Nov. 4, says the Philadelphia *Press*, has now been transmitted by telegraph or mail, with the exception of Rhode Island and Colorado, and in these two States it is known approximately. The total vote is still wanting in several of the States, but, with the pluralities known, it is easy to arrive at a correct estimate of the verdict rendered by the North at the recent national election. The following table presents a summary of these pluralities as they appear on the face of the returns:

BLAINE.		BLAINE.	
California	12,509	Nebraska	22,523
Colorado	6,000	Nevada	1,664
Illinois	25,126	New Hampshire	4,000
Iowa	19,803	Ohio	31,892
Kansas	64,366	Oregon	2,255
Maine	20,069	Pennsylvania	80,521
Massachusetts	24,872	Rhode Island	6,291
Michigan	3,338	Vermont	22,185
Minnesota	41,779	Wisconsin	14,700
		Total	402,362
CLEVELAND.			
Connecticut	1,284		
Indiana	1,105		
New Jersey	4,[illegible]		
New York	5,927		
			12,669
Total	12,669		
Blaine's plurality in the North			389,693

The face of the returns, however, do not offer a just basis for estimating Mr. Blaine's plurality over Mr. Cleveland in the North. In Michigan and Iowa there was a fusion between the Democrats and Greenbackers on the electoral ticket. In the former state this was arranged purposely so that it would be possible to ascertain the exact number of votes cast by each of the two parties to the coalition. The state has thirteen votes in the Electoral College. The combined vote of the Fusionists was given to twelve electors, but for the thirteenth each party voted for a separate candidate. According to the strength developed by each party as shown by this thirteenth candidate, the electors were to be divided, in case they were chosen, the Democratic electors voting for Cleveland and the Greenback electors for Butler.

The official count in Michigan shows that, according to this test, the vote of the two elements of the combination was in the ratio of fifteen Democrats to four Greenbackers, the exact figures on the thirteenth elector being 41,200 for the Greenback candidate. Subtracting this from the total Fusion vote leaves a Democratic vote of 149,835. As the Republican electoral ticket received 192,669 votes, the real Republican plurality is seen to be 42,834. In Iowa a similar fusion was made between the Democrats and the Greenbackers, but without the test attachment. It is probable, however, that the ratio holds good in Iowa, also, as in 1880 the total Greenback vote bore nearly the same relation to the total Democratic vote in both states. As the total Fusion vote in Iowa was 177,288, a division on the same basis as in Michigan would give the Greenbackers 37,324 votes and the Democrats 139,964. Subtracting the latter from the Republican poll of 197,089 makes the real Republican plurality in Iowa 57,125.

This excess of 76,848 in the pluralities of these two states over that given in the table ought justly to be added to Mr. Blaine's total plurality, making it, in the Northern states, 479,210. As the total Democratic plurality in the four Northern states that will cast their electoral votes for Cleveland was only 12,669. Mr. Blaine has the handsome plurality in the North of 466,541. Such an emphatic endorsement by his own section is an honor any man might covet, and it derives additional weight from the fact that it is the untrammeled expression of the popular will. It illustrates, also, the great vitality of the Republican party by the marked recovery it shows from the great depression of two years ago.

IT is now reported that Lord Coleridge's lovelorn daughter is coming over here to lecture. We begin to think that the old gentleman wasn't so much to blame after all.

THE Democratic newspapers are vainly trying to make their readers believe that the triumph of Democracy will not have a disastrous effect on the business interests of the country, but in doing so they have a task to perform which is impossible of accomplishment. It was only a month or so before the election that the *Watchman*, the recognized Democratic organ of this county, emphatically asserted that a negro has no right to occupy any position of prominence, and the party believes this doctrine, promulgated by the *Watchman*. We have no doubt that this party, a majority of which believes the war to have been a failure, will do all it can to restore the condition of affairs that existed before that event. A comparison of the vote in the Southern states proves beyond a doubt that not one half the vote in some of these states was at the polls. Now, it is not probable that the Negro would refuse to vote if he is permitted to do so, and the evidence is conclusive that he was afraid to exert the right of suffrage. Another result of the election is that during the past two weeks the number of failures has been larger than ever before. Business in all parts of the State and Nation is in a condition of stagnation. Important industrial establishments are closing their doors. Such hard times as never threatened the American workingman before now stares him in the face. It is folly to say that this would have been the same under Republican success. We know of thousands of dollars worth of business which has been withheld from this very community merely because the result was a Democratic triumph. We are sorry this is so. The NEWS will do the best in its power to restore confidence, but the facts as we have stated them are too painfully real to escape observation.

Why He Voted.

At the Democratic primary elections held in Cumberland county, Penn'a., last fall, the contest between the modern reform aspirants for the spoils of office, was so sharp and spirited, that they did not hesitate to use corrupting influences to further their desires to serve the dear people.

At one of the precincts of Carlisle, a colored man presented himself and offered to vote, when he was promptly challenged, with the declaration "that you are no Democrat."

The unsophisticated, would-be Democrat at the primary, was somewhat nonplussed at this unexpected invasion of his new political departure, but responded to his Democratic interrogatory:

"I know dat, sah! I am no Democrat!"

"What are you voting here for?" inquired the indignant bourbon committee man.

"I beg pardon, sah, but I am voting for dollar and half."

IT is much to be regretted that the Democrats and the sensible business men are not more in accord in their views as to which course on the part of the Government would be beneficial or injurious to the people. During the campaign the Democratic papers charged the Republicans vigorously with lying, when they said the Democrats proposed to interfere with the tariff to the injury of business, and obtained the votes of as many as believed them. Now, they urge tariff revision, and when business men remind them of their ante election pledges, they say, "Oh! Revision of the tariff will not injure business, that is what we meant." Business men, thinking differently, are timid about the future, and everything languishes in consequence.

THE action of Judge Manistry of the Court of Queen's Bench, London, in overruling the verdict of the jury finding £3,000 for plaintiff against a son of Lord Chief Justice Coleridge in a suit for libel, is raising a breeze that His Honor little dreamed of when he set the verdict aside. He is assailed as mocking at and insulting trial by jury, and doubtless it will prove the last time such a power is exercised by a judge in England under like circumstances.

Don't Forget It.

Two things make a strong political leader.

First. Brains.

Second. A large personal following.

Mr. Blaine has more of both together than any other man of any party. He has had more for eight years; he has more to-day. It was true when he was in public life; it was equally true when he was in private life. It was clear before the election, and it is just as certain since the election.

Mr. Blaine's intellectual strength and power are unabated. His Augusta speech showed that he has lost none of his bold aggressive leadership. Men differ about its policy, but all agree that it rang over the continent as no other speech has done since the same chieftain charged on the rebel brigadiers in the House. Wise or otherwise, it was the utterance of a giant. His personal campaign was a prodigy. The power of such intellect cannot be quenched.

Mr. Blaine's great army of friends are still his friends. It is the quality of such leadership to inspire attachment and devotion. The friendship strengthened through all the vicissitudes of the ambushed treachery which secretly stabbed him when his herculean efforts had wrested victory from the jaws of defeat will not serve to diminish it.

Mr. Blaine may not be a candidate again, and probably never will be. It was not by his own wish or effort that he became the candidate this time. But anybody who imagines that he and his friends can be counted out as a great political factor of the future will make a mighty big blunder.—*Phila Press.*

THE New York *Times* says: "The function of a Presidential elector is so entirely ministerial and impersonal that a lamp post would be as well as a man for the purpose, if the lamp post were able to execute such a commission as that with which electors are intrusted." This estimate of the powers of the electors, remarks the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, will doubtless be gratefully accepted by those Democrats who are just now between the devil and the deep sea, at the talk of Cleveland being a civil service reformer, and the threat of certain Southern papers that unless he convinces them that he is not, they will require their electors to vote for some other man, who will kick the Republicans out and put the Democrats in. Suppose any one or more of the electors should conclude to vote for a candidate other than the one named by their party. Is there any law to prevent it? Not any, except the peril they would be in upon their return to their homes of getting their heads broken for their faithlessness. In such a case, though they may not be "lamp posts," the mobs of their constitutents would soon make them wish they were, or something else equally insensible to pain as well as personal obligation.

PERMIT us to call the attention of the *Watchman* and its readers to the fact that ex-Senator Bruce flatly denies the words which are attributed to him in reference to Blaine's speech. We considered it strange that Bruce should express such opinions, but concluded that we would believe at least one of the *Watchman's* statements. Alas! why is it that our Democratic contemporary will never tell the truth? It's editor should go and look up at the dizzy height of the Washington Monument and reflect that only by following the example of that truthful individual will such exalted honors be extended to him 100 years hence.

THE National Democratic Committee has opened headquarters in Washington and proposes to boss the job of inaugurating Mr. Cleveland. There is an evident determination on the part of the Democracy to give the incoming President a great send-off, and we don't wonder at it. They haven't had a chance at such a thing for twenty-four years, and aren't likely to have another chance for twenty-four more. So, go in!

THE closing of glass works at Pittsburg, the reduction of wages of labor in manufacturing establishments, and the shortening of hours of work in various parts of Pennsylvania, unhappily continue. It is a matter of regret that the burden falls so heavily upon Pennsylvania, which proved its sound sense and patriotism by its magnificent majority for the Republican policy. Possibly it might be said that even in Pennsylvania some men were not quite as earnest as they might have been in pushing missionary work in other States, or were a little over confident of success in the country. Perhaps they did not believe that a decision so clearly adverse to the interests of the people could be reached through misrepresentation or ignorance in other States. But Pennsylvania did grandly, and proved that, at all events, the people of the Keystone State were neither blind nor swayed by prejudice.

THE general opinion of members of Congress, who have arrived in Washington, is that very little will be done at the session of Congress which began this week beyond the passage of appropriation bills. The members of the House committee on appropriations are to meet some days before the opening work of the regular appropriation bills, with a view of having them ready for consideration early in the session. The bill to prohibit the importation of foreign labor, which went over in the Senate last session under considerable protest, may also claim attention. It is quite likely, however, that appropriation and pension bills will consume most of the session. The country can do with very little legislation just now, and the less tariff agitation the better.

THE Republican party of to-day presents a striking example of the fact that in adversity the better part of men and parties is displayed. The true come to the front and the false and coward sink into oblivion. On every hand there are evidences of new life, new vigor, and a determination to go straight forward as if no blow had been struck, and victory instead of defeat had been met on the 4th ult. There is really a better spirit prevailing to-day among Republicans than ever before, and all look upon the late set back as only a strong admonition to keep closer together and to touch elbows.

MR. RANDALL'S words of congratulation to the Southern people were happily and critically chosen. He congratulated them that the expressions "Solid South" and "Solid North" have been thrown aside. He knew at the same time that there is no "Solid North" and that the "Solid South" does not depend on expression but on fact.

THE aggregate annual amount of the pensions paid by the Government is $34,456,600. This sounds like a big sum, and it is just as big as it sounds, but when one comes to think over it, it is a small price to pay for the blessings of liberty and Union.

MR. CLEVELAND is surprised that there should be any popular distrust of the Democratic party, though there is nothing strange about that. In fact, we should have been surprised if a man of Cleveland's limited political experience had not been surprised.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR denies that he has invited Mr. Cleveland to spend a few days at the White House before his inauguration. Regarding Cleveland as we do, we are glad that Arthur had the good sense not to extend the invitation.

AND now they talk of General McClellan for Secretary of State. That is a position for which he is even less qualified than he was for Cammander of the Army of the Potomac, and when that's said, all's said.

GENERAL NOTES.

A Buffalo baker has the appropriate name of Ovens.

There are nine roller skating rinks in Minneapolis.

Chicago is complaining of inadequate school facilities.

A Cornish, N. H., firm last week sold 30,000 dozen eggs.

The yearly tax in Boston averages $27.80 to each person.

A Danbury, Conn., dog dotes on oranges and watermelons.

The Ohio penitentiary at Columbus contains 1,198 convicts.

Fifty thousand laborers are employed on the Panama canal.

One of the new engagement rings has a garnet heart on it.

A Newark girl's poodle has been taught to drink applejack.

Texas increased her taxable property $73,000,000 last year.

Key West is delighted with a belt street car line around the city.

The value of landed estates in England is rapidly depreciating.

The Metropolitan Railway of London runs 1,211 trains every day.

A century-old schoolhouse was razed at Hartford the other day.

Nevada will send $60,000 worth of exhibits to the New Orleans Exposition.

The greatest velocity the wind ever attained on Pike's Peak was 110 miles per hour.

Congressman Gibson, of Maryland, said he would get 2,100 majority. He got 2,102.

Mexican securities to the amount of $13,000,000 are held by English bondholders.

An orange tree at Lakeland, Fla., has four crops of this season's fruit hanging on it.

London eats 1,400,000 oxen, 1,500,000 sheep, 1,300,000 calves and 250,000 swine each year.

Wing Hing, a Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Chinaman, rides a bicycle in full Chinese costume.

Bismarck, Dakota's new capital, is pronounced the finest Territorial Capital in the West.

Three times as much paint is used in the United States as in any other country in the world.

Over $3,000,000 has been invested in Montana lands by New York capitalists during the last four months.

The oldest Freemason in the world continues to die with great regularity. He is now living in Ohio.

The pomegranate, an old-time favorite fruit in Boston, has reappeared in the markets and stores of that city.

Over one hundred thousand cigars and fifty bales of sponges were shipped from Key West to New York last week.

Newington, N. H. has no store, no liquor saloon, no debt, no doctor, no lawyer and nobody in the poorhouse.

It is claimed that in the cadets' riding-hall at West Point only the most vicious horses are used, even for beginners.

There are said to be 24 gambling houses in Paris at which over $35,000,000 has been lost during the past five years.

Hay is being imported into the upper counties of Canada, the drouth having entirely destroyed the crop in that section.

Wheat fields through the Shenandoah valley are looking bare, dry weather having prevented the berry from sprouting.

Florida wants the Pensacola Navyyard placed on an active footing, and will ask the incoming administration to have it done.

Forty-five pounds of sugar and a gallon of molasses for each inhabitant is the quantity of sweets annually consumed in the United States.

It is pointed out as one of the signs of the times in New York that a professional window dresser receives a larger salary than a professional poet.

Several families in Lesignan, France have been poisoned by eating salads from vineyards where chemical products have been used to destroy phylloxera.

Thus far the Indians in Coeur d' Alene are the only residents who have made any money. They do not dig for gold but fish for bull trout, which they sell to the palefaces.

The inauguration ball is to be held in Albaugh's new opera-house, in Washington. It will, when floored over, accommodate six thousand to eight thousand people.

The record of Brigham Young's license to marry his first wife has been discovered in an old book among the records of Geauga county, Ohio. It is dated February 10, 1834. Her name was Mary Ann Angel.

The old house where Whittier was born carries its 200 years well and is still in good condition. All manner of trinkets and keepsakes are made from the boards of the garret floor and the branches of the great overhanging elm, are varnished and sold for penholders.

The once formidable ironclad is sinking into insignificance as the torpedo boats are coming more and more into use. Austria has added 15 per cent. to her naval budget this year, and the greater part of the increase will go to build ten new torpedo boats and a torpedo cruiser.

There is a family near Dahlonega, Ga., who have eyes scarcely larger than a pea, and so small is the opening between the lids that a person a few feet off can't tell whether they are open or shut. It is said that they cannot see at all at night. They are known as the "little-eyed Howards."

A Lynn, (Mass.) shoemaker has just made a pair of shoes for Rev. J. M. Farnum, of Charlotte, N. C., which are thirty-fives. The length from heel to toe is just 20 inches, and the width of the ball, including a protuberance that may be a corn and may be natural, is a trifle over 7½ inches.

Poetry.

A THANKSGIVING TRAGEDY.

James sat down to eat his dinner
On a bright Thanksgiving Day,
And he murmured, "I will tackle
Everything that comes my way."
"James," his mother gently warned him,
"James, you musn't eat too much—
You will find it dangerous business,
Eating turkey, quail and such."

James paid no attention to her,
Save to give a passing frown,
But continued doing business—
Putting all the viands down:
Yen'son, partridge, duck and rabbit,
Lobster, goose, and chicken pie,
Salads, sauces, entrees vanished
In the twinkling of an eye.

"Come, my son," exclaimed his father,
"You have eaten quite enough;
Or you'll catch a dreadful colic,
Filling up on such rich stuff."
All in vain; his heir-apparent
Would not listen unto him,
But continued masticating—
Naughty, foolish, silly Jim!

Bigger, bigger grew his stomach,
Filled with pies and cakes and meat—
Rounder, fuller, tighter, plumper—
Still he did not cease to eat.
When at last appeared the pudding,
James indulged a smothered groan;
"Darling, are you sick?" his mother
Queried in an anxious tone.

Then the foolish little fellow
Placed his hand upon his head
And the other on his stomach—
"Oosh!" he feebly, faintly said.
Papa hastened for the doctor,
Mamma shrieked and tore her hair;
But, before assistance reached him,
James had climbed the golden stair.

For there came a loud explosion,
Rending foolish James asunder—
Filled too full of toothsome viands,
He had bursted all to thunder!
And for several weeks they labored
Ere enough of James was found
To adorn a modest corner
In the family burying-ground.

EUGENE FIELD.

THE VANQUISHED VICTIM.

He lies in a grim, dark alley,
Away from the glim and the glare,
He went to the jollification,
And afterwards out on a tear.

But what if he does love whisky,
And what if he does drink gin,
He is booked for a good fat office,
Since his party has managed to win.

He lies in a grim, dark alley,
Away from the glim and the glare,
He sleeps a most peaceful slumber,
For he heard that his party "got there."

—*Albany Journal.*

THE FALTERING ANSWER.

Softly the evening star
Was shining in the West,
And Luna from her golden car
Shed gracious peace and rest.

A maiden, starry-eyed,
Looked up with lashes wet;
Her lover whispered, "Stewed or fried?"
She faltered, "Stewed, you bet."

Our Story Teller.

The Famous Outlaw.

When William of Normandy had conquered England, he confiscated the estates of the English gentry, and gave them to his followers.

The Norman chiefs treated the Anglo Saxons in a most tyranical manner, driving them from their homes and compelling them to find a refuge from their oppressors in the woods, where they led a vagabondish life.

In the year 1160, Robert Fitzcock, Earl of Huntingdon, was born in the pleasant town of Locksley, Nottinghamshire. He was a comely youth of sweet voice and winning ways.

At seventeen, he was very expert with the long bow, and few cared to contend against him in athletic games, aware that they would suffer defeat if they did so.

As he was one morning on his way to visit his uncle living at Nottingham, he saw a number of the king's foresters assembled at an ale house, engaging in earnest conversation. Joining them, he learned that there was to be a shooting tournament, under the direction of the king in a neighboring town the next week.

"I will be present and show the king what a good shot is," exclaimed young Robert joyously.

"Dost thou think that a strippling like thyself may shoot before the king?" sneeringly asked one of the foresters.

"I bet thee twenty crowns I can hit a deer at five hundred yards," replied Robert, angrily.

"I bet thee twenty crowns thou canst not. Our host shall have charge of the stakes while we seek yonder wood for a trial of thy skill."

Each placed twenty crowns in the host's palm, and then they went to the wood, followed by the crowd.

Just as they entered it, a deer came bounding along, and, though further away than the designated distance, Robert let fly an arrow. The deer was struck and killed.

"I've won," cried Robert proudly, extending his hand for the money.

"It is none of thine," said the one who had betted with him; "and if thou dost not begone, thou'lt be sorry, striking the youth on the head.

Robert, with a laugh, took his leave of the party; but, when many yards distant, he shot an arrow at the forester. The shaft struck the heart of the treacherous fellow and killed him. Robert followed it up with other arrows, killing some and wounding many.

Attempts were made to capture the archer, but in vain.

An immense reward was offered for his apprehension, which stimulated a vigorous search for him; but he concealed himself in Sherwood Forest, and all endeavors to dislodge him proved futile.

Many, outlawed as was he, soon joined him, of whom he became the leader, under the name of Robin Hood.

They dressed in a suit of green cloth, and wore scarlet caps. Their arms were a dagger, a short sword, a long bow and a quiver of arrows.

Robin Hood was distinguished from the rest by the better quality of his garments, and a horn that he always had with him to win in case he needed their assistance when away from them.

According to the "forest laws," whoever killed one of the king's deer was to be deprived of his eyes. Robin Hood and his companions paid no heed to the law, and shot the king's deer whenever they desired. Nor did they hesitate to attack a Norman nobleman, and "borrow" his purse, without giving any security for its return. But they never molested the poor. Indeed, they frequently relieved their wants with that which they had obtained from the nobles.

Numberless romances and ballads were based on his exploits, evincing the interest felt in Robin Hood by the common people of England in olden times. Perhaps nothing more forcibly shows how highly he was regarded by them than does an anecdote, related by the celebrated Bishop Latimer, in a sermon delivered before Edward VI,

"On a journey from London, I once sent word into a town that I would preach there in the morning, because it was a holiday. The church stood in my way, and I took my horse and went thither, thinking to find a great company in the church; but when I came there, the church door was fast closed. Soon one of the parish comes to me and says: 'Sir, we cannot hear you. It is Robin Hood's day. The Parish have gone abroad to gather for him. I pray you, let (hinder) them not.' I was fain then, to give place to Robin Hood. Of his companions, none other was so dear to him as Little John, and the manner in which he became a member of the band is worthy of notice. One morning, in the early part of his career, Robin Hood said to his men: 'Fourteen days have passed without sport. Remain here, and I will seek adventure. If I need your aid I will blow three blasts upon my horn.'

Setting forth, ere long he reached the highway, where, if in any place, he thought to find the desired adventure. Coming to a brook, he started to cross it on the narrow plank that served as a bridge, but as he stepped upon it, he saw a tall young fellow at the other end.

"Thou'lt fare ill, an' thou goest not back," cried the stranger.

"I could send an arrow through thy heart with this bow of mine," returned Robin.

"Thou wert a coward then, as I have but this with which to defend myself," holding up a stout oaken staff.

"I'm not a coward. Halt a moment and I'll prove it to thee."

And Robin ran back into the thicket, bearing an oaken branch.

"Now let us fight it out with our staves," he exclaimed, "and whose hurls the other into the brook shall win."

"Agreed?" was the response.

And they began to beat each other unmercifully.

Soon Robin received a blow that knocked him into the water.

"Ha! ha!" laughed the victor.

"Thou'rt a bold yeoman and hast won right nobly," remarked Robin as he wended his way to the bank.

Then he blew three shrill blasts. In a short time his men appeared and found their chief lying on the ground, thoroughly soaked with water.

"What wishest thou?" asked one of them.

"That young fellow knocked me into the brook."

"I' faith, then shalt thou be ducked."

"Hold!" commanded Robin, as his men started toward the stranger. "It was a fair fight, no one will do thee violence," to the victor. "I am Robin Hood, and if thou'll join us, a coat of green, a dagger, a sword, bow and arrow shall be thine."

"With all my heart will I," and the fellow placed his hand in Robin Hood's palm. "My name is John Little, but I'll show thee that I can do my part."

"Of that I've had ample proof," laughed Robin.

"We must change his name," said one of the bowmen, "and a merry christening shall it be."

Some game was shot and cooked, a barrel of ale was tapped. Robin Hood and his men stood in a ring about John Little and he was baptised "Little John."

When they had been the terror of the rich for many years, Robin Hood and his followers swore allegiance to Richard Cœur de Lion, and renounced their life of outlawry. Some two-score of them went with their master to London; the rest went to various localities.

In London, Robin Hood assumed his title—Earl of Huntingdon—and lived in fine style. But he continued his longing for the freedom of the woods. He obtained permission from the king to pass a week in his old haunts.

Roaming beside the dear old stream, and listening to the songs of the merry birds, he was so happy that he placed his horn to his lips and blew three long, loud blasts, as of yore.

Greatly to his surprise, more than seventy of his men came before him. That settled his doubts; he returned not to London, but reorganized his band.

Learning what had occurred, the King was exceedingly wroth, and dispatched two hundred soldiers, under an able commander to capture him.

Between the soldiers and the outlaws a terrible fight ensued in Sherwood Forest. Neither party was absolutely victorious. But Robin Hood was so severely wounded by an arrow that he had to be taken to a nunnery where he was treacherously bled to death by the prioress.

Knowing that death was inevitable he requested Little John to carry him into the woods. It was done; and then he took his bow, and shot an arrow as far as he was able.

"Where the shaft fall, there bury me," he said to his friend, in a feeble voice, and died.

"Where the shaft fell," he was buried, beneath the green sod. Above his head a stone was erected, bearing this inscription:

"Here, underneath this little stone
Lies Robert, Earl of Huntingdon.
Known by the name of Robert Hood,
Who was a thief and archer good.
Full thirty years and something more
He robbed the rich to feed the poor,
Such outlaws as he and his men
Will England never see again."

He died November 18th, 1247, aged eighty-seven.

In the Mummy's Mouth.

Who that has ever seen an Egyptian mummy has not noticed how closely its mouth was shut? How over all its strange face was spread the expression of keeping things to itself and saying nothing about them to any one? Indeed, if one of those mummys could have been brought to life how much he could have told us! What little hints about things we consider "modern inventions," but which would be as familiar to him as our coffee-mills and egg-beaters to us. Learned men know this, but it is only lately that they have discovered that the mummy shut his straight mouth *upon his false teeth!*

Yes. In the mouth of an Egyptian mummy, over four thousand years old, have been found false teeth, on a suction plate of gold, made after the most approved style, and more elegantly finished and more perfect in every way than the plate of the most fashionable dentist in New York to-day. Others are found with excellent gold fillings in their teeth.

All I can say about this is, that it is just what I should have expected of the Egyptian mummy. Here was all Christendom suffering for ages with the toothache and waiting for the discovery of a preventive, when the mummy could have told them all about it. Kings have died of nervous disorders brought on by toothache; many persons used to go mad from it; some have committed suicide; and the great majority mumbled toothless through half their lives, whilst Egyptian mummies wrapped their false teeth and their spices up together and slept on.

Christians had their teeth pulled out in the eighteenth century with an instrument used for extracting those of horses, and later with what looks like a bed key, if you know what that is.

Barbers did queer things to people's teeth for a good many years; and afterwards, anybody with forceps called himself a dentist. It is only fifty years since dentistry has become actually a profession; and, strange to say, it is only in America and by American dentists that good work is yet done. This is not the flapping of the American eagle's wings, but a statement of fact.

Money could not buy a belle of a hundred years ago a pretty set of false teeth, or any teeth at all that were of service. And though to-day it is rare to see any one without teeth, how long they were needed, and how much botching and bungling there has been to get what these mummies knew all about four thousand years ago, when they were living Egyptians. Truly, there is nothing new under the sun.—M. K. D. IN N. Y. *Ledger.*

The Result of a Consultation.

"Have you a revised copy of the New Testament in the library, Miss Smith?" asked the young minister, who was making an evening call, partly parochial and partly otherwise.

"No, Mr. Longprayer," she replied; "I regret to say that we haven't."

"What's a revised copy?" asked Bobby, who had been permitted to sit up beyond his usual hour.

"You are rather young yet, Bobby, to understand such matters," said his sister, kindly. "A revised copy means that certain changes have been made in the Bible that were considered necessary to a better understanding of the text. Now you had better run off to bed, that's a good boy."

The young minister could scarcely conceal his admiration.

"Well, if that's what it is," said Bobby, "our family Bible is revised, 'cause pa changed it the other day. He scratched out the date of your birth and made it three years later. He told ma something about you and the minister, and said that it wouldn't do any harm nohow, and if ever Mr. Longprayer wanted to look at it, it might do a good deal of good."

Presently the minister went away and a family consultation was held. It resulted in Bobby passing a sleepless night on the pit of his stomach.

An Ancient Danish Bell.

Much interest has been aroused in anti-quarian circles of Boston by the deciphering of the Danish inscription on a heavy brazen bell, which, until recently, had been on Castle Island, where Fort Independence stands, ever since the memory of people now living. Its quaint appearance and mysterious inscription led Major C. W. Raymond, of the United States Corps of Engineers, who has charge of the fortification of the harbor, to bring it to his office in Boston. The Danish Consul, who has examined the inscription, finds that it reads when interpreted: "Belonging to the Patriot," thus leading to the conclusion that it was attached to a vessel of that name which entered the harbor years ago. The characters composing the inscription have long since ceased to be used by the Danes, and there is little doubt that they go back to a period of two centuries or more ago. The bell is of antique shape. It can with difficulty be lifted by an average man. The letters of the inscription stand out in bold relief from the tarnished metal, which bears the scars of many years of exposure. Some are of the opinion that this discovery verifies the theory that the Norsemen found their way into Boston harbor. The bell certainly antedates the war of independence.

Blaine for Senator.

From the Chicago Tribune.

B. F. Jones, of Pittsburg, the chairman of the National Republican Campaign Committee, has thrown out a suggestion which may lead to the speedy reinstatement of Mr. Blaine to public life in a position which he will adorn and in which he may become more useful to his country than ever before. Let the Pennsylvania Legislature elect him United States senator. There is no legal obstacle in the way of this project. The Constitution provides that "no person shall be senator who shall not have attained the age of 30 years and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen." Mr. Blaine is not now an inhabitant of the State of Pennsylvania, he but may become one within twenty-four hours. All he needs to do is to take the train from Augusta to Philadelphia, and he will be an inhabitant of Pennsylvania as long as he remains. No term of residence within the State is required.

The election of Blaine to represent the great State of Pennsylvania in the United States Senate would be peculiarly fitting at this time. Blaine is a Pennsylvania by birth. He comes of an old Revolutionary family of that State. He has always cherished the most devoted attachment for the people and welfare of Pennsylvania. The attachment is reciprocated. At no time was Henry Clay more the idol of Kentucky than Blaine is to-day the idol of Pennsylvania. The people of that State piled up the enormous majority of 81,000 for him in the late election. They would hail his election to represent them in the United States Senate with joy. It would be more suitable that a great man like Blaine should represent a great State like Pennsylvania than a little State like Maine, which has not nearly as large a population as the city of Philadelphia alone.

Blaine may be sent to the Senate from Pennsylvania so as to re-enter public life next March. The Republicans party needs a leader in that body and his service should not be lost to the country. In Maine it would not be possible to send him to the Senate till 1887, and then it would be necessary for him to displace Eugene Hale, which he would probably refuse to do. But Don Cameron, whose term expires the 4th of March next, has already signified his desire and purpose to retire. The great Republican State of Pennsylvania cannot honor itself more than by availing itself of the opportunity thus afforded of calling Blaine back to his native State and restoring his eminent services to the country. Blaine will have sufficient time between now and next March to complete his book, and a party and personal pressure should be brought to bear upon him which shall induce him to return to Pennsylvania to live in order that the people of that State may testify their great love for him and in order that his party may have the benefit of his leadership in the National Legislature during the Democratic administration.

Pope Leo as a Hard Worker.

Rome Letter in Baltimore Sun.

The Pope has been suffering from a slightly ulcerated sore throat the past two months, yet retains the ever wiry vigor of physical health and the more wonderful mental strength. He will not be persuaded to allow others to relieve him of his mental occupation and persists in doing "everything himself for himself." A rare quality exists in great executive men to select the right coadjutors and administrators, but no one can make bricks without straw, and Leo XIII. finds many vacant places in the Vatican departments only with a name to signify occupation. Each day goes to prove the Pope's great superiority to his subordinates.

At present Leo XIII. is hourly, late and early, engaged in composing and amending important circulars bearing upon the faithful as well as the degenerated, on the Church and on the State. In a little while an important letter will be issued by his Holiness on the faith and morals in relation to true State government. Another topic interesting his Holiness in the way of general circular is the more "strict observance of the rubrics of the Church in Italy and elsewhere."

The Bibliotheque Nationale, of Paris, had only 900 volumes in 1367, when Charles the Fifth had a catalogue made. What would be the stupefaction of this prince, says a French paper, if he could see the 2,500,000 volumes that it contains at present!

Charitable individuals who have old clothes to give away should remember the many candidates left out in the cold.

How Proof Reading Sounds.

The following from a Chester exchange so forcibly illustrates the subject mentioned that it is worthy of reproduction:

There is nothing like proof reading to give the subtle expression to poetry so pleasing to the weary author. A long slip of paper with a column of printed matter running down the centre is laid on the proof reader's desk. The margin on the paper is space for the hunter for mistaken to mark the corrections. Sometimes a margin as large as a bed quilt is necessary, and in such cases the paper looks like a war map when it goes back. On receiving his slip of paper the proof reader yells for his assistant, the copy boy, who lugs in a bundle of MSS., and the struggle begins. The first is poetry and the copy boy reads and an uninitiated listener hears:

"Art thus thine own heart's conqueror interrogation,
"Strive ever thus to be semi-colon
That is the fight comma—no, no comma there."

"All right, shoot the comma; go ahead." This from the proof reader.

"The fight that is more sore comma."

"Nore sore?"

"No, more sore."

"The noble victory period. End of first verse."

"Art thou beloved by one true heart interrogation."

"O prize it, astonished it is rare semicolon

"There are so many in the mud—no, not mud, but mart, comma.

"So many false red hair, full point.

"False red hair is that?"

"No, false and fair, that's what I said."

"You're a granulated falsifier, you didn't. Go ahead with the next verse."

"Art thou alone, interrogation, O comma, say not so, astonisher.

"The world is full, comma, be sure full stop.

"There is so much of want and—want and—what's that blamed word?"

"Woe, you ninny,"

"Yes, woe comma, so much that thou canst cure, full stop and end the verse.

"Art thou content in youth or age interrogation.

"Then let who will be great semicolon.

"Thou hast the nobbiest heritage con—"

"What that, 'nobbiest' heritage?"

"No, noblest. Thou hast the best estate astonisher and credit in nonpareil italic to John Galusha Smith. That's the poorest manuscript ever I saw. What's the next piece on the proof?"

So the reading goes ad infinitum.

Smile When You Read Them.

"And that is the kind of a hairpin I am!" snapped out Amy, in a discussion with her friend Mildred. "That is the variety of capillary fastening with which you are affiliated," corrected the high school girl.

"Have you corns?" blandly asked the cornplaster peddler at the busy man's elbow.

"Yes; I am supplied," answered the busy man without looking up.

"So Brown has had his leg amputated?"

"Yes, poor fellow! It was cut off last week."

"And how does he stand it? Does he suffer much pain?"

"I believe not."

"That's strange. They probably keep him under the influence of drugs, don't they?"

"I think they stopped that treatment last Wednesday."

"Why did they stop on that particular day?"

"That's the day he died."

"Is that brake hard to handle?" asked a young man on the front platform of a Broadway car of the driver.

"No," responded that person.

"Is that whistle hard to blow?" again interrogated the youth.

"No!" gruffly responded the driver.

"What is the hardest thing to do on a street car?"

"Answering fool questions!" replied the driver.

"Mary, you played me a shabby tirck last night."

"How, John?"

"You said you'd accept my company to the party and then you went with Bob Cityman."

"Why, he's visiting at your house, isn't he?"

"Yes."

"Well, then, didn't I accept your company?"

John Rural killed himself, and well he might.

Defrauding the North.

From the Phila. Press.

There is no right which the Northern freeman holds more sacred than his right of suffrage. He looks upon the ballot box which expresses his political opinions as his birthright, and any attempt to deprive him of it or nullify his will through fraud is sure to meet with a swift and stern condemnation. He asks for one vote only, but demands that that shall weigh as much in the scale of national politics as the vote of any other man, whether he lives in New England or Mississippi.

In the election which has just passed, this right has been denied to every man who lives in a Northern State. In electing the next Congress, the acts of which will touch every interest in the North, the Northern voter was able to exert but one half the influence exerted by a Southern voter. To illustrate this it is necessary only to take one or two States in the South and compare the number of votes that elect a Congressman there with the number that are needed to elect a representative in the North.

Mississippi and New Jersey have the same number of Congressmen, seven each. The former State polled on the 4th of November 120,010 votes, while New Jersey polled 260,792 votes. In Mississippi, therefore, 17,144 men exerted the same influence in determining the future policy of the Government as 37,256 men in New Jersey did, or, in other words, one Mississippian is worth politically more than two New Jerseymen. The same striking disparity in the political influence exerted by voters in the other Southern States could be shown readily, but one example is enough to make plain the gross injustice done to every Northern voter by the suppression of the Republican vote in the South. How long will the North submit to be defrauded of its political rights in this way?

In commenting on Hon. James G. Blaine's recent speech at Augusta, the Philadelphia *North American* has the following strong paragraph on the part which applies to the condition of the Negro in the South. It is a question which Northern Republicans must soon meet and settle. The *North American* says:

It is too late to question the policy which, in aiming to establish freedom by the supreme law, has apparently landed the country in the very quagmire it thought to avoid forever. Having enfranchised the Negro, remitting him to the full privileges and prerogatives of a citizen necessarily followed. Full citizenship was the logical sequence of the act which struck off his chains. Unbindered, our system cannot tolerate a non-voting citizenship. But in arming the freedmen with the ballot, we bound ourselves to defend them in its untrammelled use. This we have not done, and the reason why we have not done it must be sought for where we shall receive little consolation. In endeavoring to be both just and magnanimous, the Republican party fell between two stools. Our magnanimity was wasted, and our attempt to be just and consistent and logical, was defeated by the very people upon whom we wasted our magnanimity. The masterly presentment by Mr. Blaine Tuesday night was the one authoratative utterance needed to indicate the future action of the Republican party. No. "There cannot be political inequality among the citizens of a free Republic." That is the issue, and the Republican party must address itself to its settlement.

Don't Wear Tight Shoes.

A letter from Warsaw, N. Y., says: Probably one of the greatest of sufferers, and from a peculiar cause, is Adam Pfaff, a well known resident of that town. Three years ago he was drawn as a juryman, and wore to court, at Bath, a new pair of boots for the first time. They were too small for him, and although they gave him intense pain he kept them on all of one day. When he removed his boots at night he found no relief from his pain, and was unable to sleep. During the night his feet, legs, hands, arms, and body began to swell, and his sufferings became so great that he was obliged to summon aid, and was removed to his home as soon as possible. From that day to this the pain has never left him for an instant. His joints are enlarged greatly, while his toes, feet, and hands are greatly swollen to three times their natural size. The flesh on some portions of his body is shrunken and withered. He is entirely helpless, and cannot leave his chair without help, and has to be fed like a child. Mr. Pfaff's sufferings are at times terrible to witness, and he prays for death. He has spent hundreds of dollars in vain efforts to gain relief, and no physician he has ever called has been able to understand his case.

A Few Facts.

A half cent of 1796 is worth $20.

The latest craze is the collection of tobacco bags.

Arkansas has just shown up with a 200 pound pumpkin.

In Denver one household out of every five is without a Bible.

Farleyense ferns, now fashionable, cost $10 for a small pot.

One sugar plantation in Cuba produces 14,000 hogsheads annually.

A pearl necklace of only one row lately brought $35,000 in New York.

Steamers on the wharf will act as hotels during the Exposition at New Orleans.

Report says the bones of 80,000 buffalos have been shipped from Dakota to the East this season.

The bread now baked at Naples is of precisely the same shape as the loaves found at Pompeii that were put in the oven over 2,000 years ago.

A carriage lighted by incandescent lamps, and drawn by a horse, on the head of which an electric spray appears, is a late sensation in Paris.

In some parts of North Carolina candles and kerosene lamps are still considered articles of luxury, while resinous torches are to be had gratis

The Great Catholic Gathering.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 27.—A solemn public session of the plenary council was held to-day at the cathedral when a pontificial high mass was celebrated by Archbishop Lamy, of Santa Fe. Archbishop Heiss, of Milwaukee, delivered an oration in Latin on the "Dignity of the Priesthood," after which Bishop Spalding, of Peoria, preached a Thanksgiving sermon. A reception and banquet was given to-night by the Catholic Benevolent Legion of Baltimore to Bishop Loughlin, of Brooklyn, who is the spiritual adviser to the supreme council of the order.

Medical.

A SPECIFIC FOR THE **BLOOD,** AND A Positive Cure FOR **RHEUMATISM** Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago.

An infallible remedy for all diseases of the Skin and Blood, such as **Tetter, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples & Blotches,** and is the best Remedy for all **Female Complaints** and **Weaknesses.** It has cured diseases of the **Liver** and **Kidneys** when all other remedies have failed.

DO not let your Druggist persuade you to take something else, but if he has not got it, and will not send for it, write to us and we will send it to you by express, prepaid, on receipt of Price.

.....One to three bottles of Rheumatic Syrup will clear the system of Bile, and cure any case of Inflammatory or Acute Rheumatism, or Neuralgia.

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.....From two to four months' use of Rheumatic Syrup will cure any case of Chronic Rheumatism of twenty years' standing.

If you have been a sufferer for years, and have used all the remedies you could hear of, with no avail, do not be discouraged, for Rheumatic Syrup will cure you.

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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-11

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PERENNIAL HOURS.

We may not force the laws of fate,
Or hasten one perennial hour
That manifests or soon or late
Thy ceaseless and omniscient power.

If thou hast led us by a way
We never sought, and which, when found,
Encircled our meridian day
With blackness as of parched ground.

We look to Thee for wisdom still
Through all the subtle ways of time;
We long to know Thy perfect will,
And consecrate our wills to Thine.

Thy days of darkness turn to light,
And out of all the stormiest hours
Of love and passion, in their flight,
Thou weavest fadeless wreaths of flowers.

Nay, from the grave of love there springs
New music of a siren's song,
And unseen harps of countless strings
Repeat the echoes quiet and long.

—The local scribe of the *Watchman* sometimes makes use of some exceedingly ridiculous comparisons. For instance, in referring to the NEWS' comments on Blaine's Augusta speech, it says: "We call his (the editor of the DAILY NEWS) attention to Ex-Senator Bruce's opinion of that speech; also to the opinion of W. A. Pledger and William Still, all prominent colored men. All of them in effect say that Blaine is a fool.' Now, those gentlemen of color mentioned by the *Watchman* have a perfect right to entertain any opinion they please about Mr. Blaine, but the idea of opposing their opinions to that of the editor of the NEWS is audacious and ridiculous in the extreme and the *Watchman* scribe should have better sense than to do so. Besides we have our opinion (and it is not an exalted one) of a colored man who would help to degrade his own people by voting for that very improper sort of a person whom the Democrats nominated for a Presidential candidate.

—A fever of a peculiar and very puzzling kind has been raging in St. Aloysius Academy at Loretto, Cambria county, for the past two weeks. It resembles typhoid fever although not exactly the same. The first symptoms are a dull headache, followed by a violent bleeding of the nose and a febrile condition of the body, which, as the disease progresses, becomes rigid. The physicians express the belief that the outbreak is due to an insufficient supply of water. For four months prior to last Sunday there was no rain in Loretto and vicinity. The water supply consequently became scanty in quantity and vitiated in quality. A number of families living at Ebensburg are said to be suffering from an ailment similar to that which the pupils at Loretto are affected. On Sunday evening, Nov. 23, there was a perfect torrent of rain, which has increased and purified the water so that there are no longer any fears of the disease spreading.

—A railroad contractor named Dephen, from Philipsburg, was arrested in Altoona on Tuesday, Nov. 25, on suspicion of having stolen $150.

—Huntingdon young ladies are acquiring the reputation of being great flirts.

Some Sharp Contrasts.

From the Pittsburg Times.

"No event in late years has created such a flutter in society as the marriage at half past three o'clock this afternoon of Miss Caroline Schermerhorn Astor, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Astor, to Marshall Orme Wilson, son of Richard I. Wilson, a prominent metropolitan broker."—*From report of the Astor wedding.*

The elaborate reports of that magnificent event will cause more than a flutter in that social strata which is not known as society, and which if society were wise it would give more inteligent attention to.

The flowers at the Astor wedding cost thousands of dollars.

There are to-day more thousands of people in New York city to whom a tithe of the sum would mean protection against privation during the coming winter.

Miss Astor wore tiny slippers embroidered in silver and trimmed with pearls.

In the metropolis there are 90,000 workingmen out of employment whose children are clothed in rags, and many of whom must beg their daily bread barefooted in the snow.

The wedding banquet was set on a silver service valued at $175,000, and it comprehended every imaginable delicacy at a cost sufficient to give every poor family in the city at least one substantial meal.

Will anyone deny that there are unnumbered thousands in this country to-day who are glad to get a dry crust to be eaten from pinched hands, and made savory by the wolfish appetite of gnawing hunger?

The wedding presents aggregated in value $250,000.

Within rifle shot of the house in which they were displayed, east and west, are as many people as the value of these baubles numbers in dollars who must struggle during every waking hour to win the scantiest means of subsistence; to earn the price of the commonest necessities of life.

These are strange contrasts to be made so glaringly conspicuous under the bright flag of this free country.

Of itself great wealth is not a crime, but it may be criminally flaunted in the faces of the poverty ridden masses.

The present is not the best of times to indulge in such diversions.

It will not do to strengthen the hands of the men of the Red Flag.

A talent may be perfected in solitude: a character only in the world.

Medical, etc.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a fine blood depurent, a rational cathartic, and a superb anti-bilious specific. It rallies the failing energies of the debilitated, and checks premature decay. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dyspepsia and bowel complaints are among the evils which it entirely removes. In tropical countries, where the liver and bowels are organs most unfavorably affected by the combined influence of climate, diet and water, it is a very necessary safeguard.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

8% NET Security 3 times loan. INTEREST semi-annual. 20th year of residence, and 11th of business. No investor ever had to pay taxes, costs of foreclosure, wait for interest, or take land. BEST of References. Write if you have money to loan. Address D. S. B. JOHNSTON & SON, Negotiators of Mortgage Loans. Mention this paper. ST. PAUL, MINN. 16-25-1y

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty write for particulars. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 3-1y

In the Pilot House.

"Yes, sir; this kind of work obliges a man to keep sober as a judge. Of all men in the world steamboat pilots and railroad engineers should let liquor alone. For on their clearness of sight and coolness of head depends the safety of life and property."

Keeping his hand on the wheel as he said this, Mr. A. Brockman, of No. 29½ Silver street, Chicago, added: "Of course, some of 'em drink; but the sober ones have the best positions and the best pay. Yes, the work and exposure sometimes tells on us; but for my part, I find PARKER'S TONIC to be all the invigorant I need. I've got a bottle aboard here now; never go on a trip without it. When I haven't any appetite, or am in any way out of sorts, it sets me up in no time. If drinking men would use the Tonic, it would help 'em to break off. (No, that ain't a light house; it's a star, low down near the water.) As I was saying, the Tonic is new life bottled up. You see that flag-staff? Well, with a bottle of PARKER'S TONIC in the locker I can keep malaria as far from me as that, all the time. My wife has used it for three years for summer complaints and colic, and as an invigorant, when she's tired out from overwork, she says the Tonic is a daisy. Good-bye! Don't break your neck going below."

This preparation, which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be advertised and sold simply under the name of PARKER'S TONIC. As unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers by substituting inferior articles under the name of ginger, and as ginger is really an unimportant ingredient, we drop the misleading word.

There is no change, however, in the preparation, itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC contain the genuine medicine if the fac simile signature of HISCOX & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. 16 45 4t

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For Neuralgia
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LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The National Legislature.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The second session of the forty-eight congress will begin to-morrow at noon. One member of the senate and two members of the house have died during the recess and two members of the house have resigned. It is probable that the first proceedings in both branches will be the swearing in of new members to fill the vacancies thus created. If this is accompanied by the customary formal announcements of deaths the two houses will probably adjourn at once as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased. The precedents in such cases, however, give reason for the belief that no formal announcements of deaths will take place to-morrow, or if they do take place will follow the reading of the president's message.

In this case there will probably be no unusual delay in the appointment of a joint committee to notify the president of the readiness of the two houses to receive his annual message. A greater number of appropriation bills are in readiness for the consideration of the subcommittee of the house committees of appropriations than have been proposed at so early a date for a number of years. These bills include estimates for Indian, army, navy, military academy, consular and diplomatic, postoffice and District of Columbia appropriations. Members of appropriations committee are of the opinion that one or two of these bills will be ready to report to the house during this week.

It has been suggested by a number of representatives that congress take a recess about the middle of the month to give an opportunity for members to attend the opening of the New Orleans exposition, and that during this proposed recess appropriations committee consider appropriation bills so as to have the most of them ready to report to the houses upon the reassembling of congress after the holidays. They argue that the usual amount of work prior to adjournment for the holidays will have been accomplished by the 14th inst., because of the unusual early assemblage of congress this year.

The First Day in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Though the galleries of the house were filled this morning with spectators anxious to view the proceedings at tendant on the first day's session, there was an absence of that crush of visitors which usually characterizes such an occasion. Numerous floral designs ornament the desks of favorite members.

At 1.40 the president's message was received and immediately read. It was long and we give only the points touched upon.

The president's message opens by referring to the recent presidential election and says it is a matter of congratulation that notwithstanding the intense fervor of the campaign the public peace has suffered no disturbance, thus signally demonstrating the strength and wisdom of our political institutions. The president then refers to the electoral dispute eight years ago and says it is of the greatest importance that this question be solved before conflicting claims to the presidency shall again disturb the country.

Our relations with all foreign powers continue amicable.

Pursuant to the advice of the senate at the last session, the president has recognized the flag of the international association of the Congo and appointed a commercial agent for the Congo Basin.

The total ordinary expenses of the last fiscal year were $348,519,869, and expenditures $290,916,473, leaving a surplus of $57,603,396. As compared with the preceding fiscal year there was a net decrease of over $21,000,000 in the expenditures. The aggregate receipts were about $54,000,000 less than those of the year previous. The falling off in revenue from customs made up nearly $20,000,000 of this deficiency, and about $23,000,000 of the remainder was due to diminished receipts from internal taxation. In reviewing Secretary McCulloch's report the president concurs in recommending the immediate suspension of the coinage of silver dollars and the issuance of silver certificates and says he hopes the secretary's suggestions respecting the withdrawal from circulation of one and two dollar notes will receive approval. Some provision should be made for the surrender of trade dollars to the government at a slight advance over their bullion value.

The president then renews his recommendation that all excise taxes, except those relating to distilled spirits, be abolished.

In reviewing the report of the secretary of war the president refers to the fact that the last year has been notable for the entire freedom from Indian outbreak.

The President then refers at length to the policy of extending our foreign trade and says that four paths of policy seem to point to this end.

First, a series of reciprocal commercial treaties with the countries of America, which shall foster between us and them, an unhampered movement of trade. Second, the establishment of the consular service of the United States on a salaried footing thus permitting the relinquishment of consular fees, not only as respects vessels under the national flag, but also as respects vessels of the treaty nations carrying goods entitled to the benefits of the treaties. Third, the enactment of measures to favor the construction and maintenance of a steam carrying marine under the flag—the flag of the United States. Fourth, the establishment of an uniform currency basis for the countries of America, so that the coined products of our mines may circulate on equal terms throughout the whole system of commonwealths.

When the reading of the message was concluded in the Senate, Mr. Aldrick, in a few simple remarks, made a formal announcement of the death of Senator Anthony, and the senate then adjourned.

To the Highest Court.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 2.—As the father of the People's Telephone Company resides in this city, the announcement, last evening, that the suit with the Bell Company had been lost in the United States District Court, was received with consierable chagrin. The inventor, Daniel Drawbaugh, resides only a few miles from here, and was taken hold of by citizens of this place, who boosted up his claim with their money. Stock found ready takers at any figures from $8 to $25. J. W. Jacobs, Esq., of this city, was the first attorney who took up the fight, and, was in fact, largely instrumental in the formation of the People's Company. He was called upon by your representative, and stated that as yet he had not seen the opinion, but that beyond all peradventure the case would be appealed to the United States Supreme Court. He further stated that a conference would shortly be held with Judge Hill and Senator Admund, also interested as counsel, when plans would be matured for the further prosecution of the suit. Many of the stockholders entertain dubious views, however, and are willing to sell cheap. It is recalled with regret by these same gentlemen that the offer of the Bell people to "buy out" and "settle" at a very handsome figure, months ago, was refused by the gentlemen having the matter in charge.

A Colored Robber's Fate.

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 28.—A messenger to Sheriff Fowler arrived here this morning, giving the verdict of the coroner's jury in the lynching of George Briscoe, colored. The coroners who acted were Thomas Boone and Thomas L. Jacobs. The jury rendered a verdict that death was caused by strangulation at the hands of parties unknown. The place of the lynching was a public road about fifteen miles from Annapolis, and the time between 7 and 8 o'clock. When Briscoe was seized he was in charge of Deputy Sheriffs Graton, Boone and Tip Wells, who had been summoned to help the deputy. A double-barrel gun was put in Boon's face and Tip Wells was pulled from a buggy and hurt severely.

The lynchers to the number of eighteen were masked. A lady in the Third district who was fired at by Briscoe during one of his robberies, is a lunatic now from the assault. Briscoe was a convict from the penitentiary, where he had been sent for house breaking. When he was in jail here during the spring burglaries in the neighborhood confessed. When he returned they began again. Public sentiment generally approves the act. Briscoe had been warned several times to leave the neighborhood.

General Logan Welcomed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—Several hundred residents of Washington, friends of General and Mrs Logan, called at their residence last evening to welcome the senator and wife back to the capitol. The affair, though informal, was under the management of a committee of arrangements. A section of the Marine band was in attendance and the house was decorated from top to bottom, outside and in, with banners, lanterns and flowers. There was no speech-making. The parlors and library of the mansion were crowded with ladies and gentlemen, while those for whom there was no standing room, filed through in procession, paying their respects with shaking hands and a word of welcome in passing.

Hugo and the Goddess.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—Victor Hugo to-day inspected M. Bartholdi's statue of "Liberty Enlightening the World" in the presence of M. Brulatour, the first secretary of the American Legion, and a large number of American residents M. Hugo expressed admiration for the statue and added: "This beautiful work of art corresponds with my wishes and will constitute a pledge of lasting peace between France and America." The statue was decorated with French and American flags.

The Balloon Eclipse's Trial Trip.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—The balloon Eclipse, the largest ever constructed in California, which is intended to make a trip across the Rock Mountains made a trial ascension to-day, but suddenly descended into Raccoon Straits, ten miles from this city. The occupants and the balloon were picked up by boats from Angel Island. The owner intends taking the balloon to the World's Fair at New Orleans.

A Bismarck Married.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The marriage of Mr. Wilfred Cripps, of Gloucester, with the Countess Helen Bismarck, youngest daughter of Count Bismarck, of Schierstein, cousin of the great Chancellor, took place to-day in the little church at Wynnstay, at on the splendid country seat of Sir Watkins William Wynn, M. P., uncle of the bride. Great interest has been felt in society since the first news of this match transpired, but as the marriage took place in a remote spot in Wales, only the relatives and friends of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony, but they were sufficient to fill the little church. The bride, who was given away by her father, was magnificently dressed, and wore some of her wedding gifts in the shape of superb jewels. Although the bridegroom is a commoner, he comes of ancient stock, his father having long been a member of the House of Commons, and is reported to be very wealthy. After the ceremony at the church a splendid breakfast was served at the mansion of Sir Watkins Wynn, at which the happy couple and all the guests were present.

Pike County's Cataracts and Grottoes.

SHOHOLA, Pa., Nov. 30.—The Hon. Chauncey Thomas died in this place a year or so ago, leaving a large estate. John Kilgour, king of the bluestone quarries of Pike, Wayne, and Sullivan counties, purchased the estate last summer. It included a mile or more of the famous Shohola Creek. In that mile of stream Kilgour found that he had a collection of wonderful waterfalls, weird ravines, and grottoes, beating cliffs, and rock-environed pools. He made it accessible to the public, and as Shohola Glen its fame spread so rapidly that it was visited by more than 15,000 people last season. Col. E. N. Abbott of New York has just leased it for ten years. A big hotel is to be erected at Shohola Glen. People who have lived here for fifty years, and never knew there was anything out of the ordinary run of things in that mile of thundering water and dark gorges, are opening their eyes and wondering what surprise Pike county will spring on them next.

The Hocking Valley Strike about Over.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 28.—The indications are that owing to the persistent efforts of the local authorities of Hocking, Athens and Perry counties, aided by officers of Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo Road, the Ohio Coal Exchange and a syndicate of operators, the strike which has been in progress in Hocking Valley for the last six months will soon come to an end. President Green, of the Hocking Valley Railroad, is of the opinion that there will be no more intimidation, as arrests will be pushed to the furthest extent. The three bridges which were burned, will again be in readiness for trains to pass over to-morrow, when three additional mines will be opened.

This will be Enough to Live on.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 2.—A dispatch from Youngstown, Ohio, says the jury in the case of Engineer John Fitzsimmons against the Pennsylvania railroad company in which he asked $50,000 damages for injuries received on the railroad making him a cripple for life, this morning returned a verdict for Fitzsmmons for $27,300. The company at the time of the accident offered him $18,000 for his claim but he refused, and last summer brought suit and secured a verdict for $26,000. The company asked and was granted a new trial with the above result.

The New Orleans Exposition.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—Director-General Burke and the Building Committee of the Exposition, after a thorough inspection of all of the buildings and machinery and grounds of the Exposition, have decided that there will be no delay in the opening, which will take place on Dec. 16. The display of machinery from foreign countries is very fine, and the exhibits are rapidly being placed in position. Every building is full to overflowing, and further allotments can only be made as exhibitors who have been allotted space fail to accept within proper time.

Shipping Apples to Europe.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Nov. 29.—Exporting apples to European markets is now being largely carried on by farmers in Columbia, Greene, Ulster, Dutchess and other Hudson river counties. The shipments were formerly made by speculators, but this year the farmers are doing most of the speculating themselves. The farmers say they can clear from $3 to $6 per barrel on choice fruit. Newton pippins, Baldwins and northern spies are the principal varieties shipped.

Result of a Gunner's Carelessness.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Dec. 1.—Yesterday two young men named Cavanaugh and Boyd went gunning after ducks on Wood's large pond at this place. As they were returning to the shore a younger brother of Cavanaugh came down to assist them in unloading the boat. Boyd reached for his gun and pulled it muzzle end toward him, when it was discharged, shattering his right arm so as to necessitate amputation above the elbow. A number of the shots also entered young Cavanaugh's face and head.

Leman Gets His Seat.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 2.—Governor Hamilton has just rendered his decision in the Leman-Brand case, and after an elaborate review of the evidence and citation of authorities awards the certificate to Leman, the Republican candidate for state senator in the Sixth district.

Death of Thomas E. Franklin.

LANCASTER, Nov. 28.—Thomas E. Franklin died at his residence in this city this evening from a stroke of paralysis received on Tuesday. He was born in Philadelphia, April 20, 1810, and was a son of Judge Walter Franklin. His parents removed to this city shortly after his birth. He graduated at Yale in 1828 and was admitted to practice law at the Lancaster bar in 1831. He was a member of the American Bar Association and general counsel of that association in this State. In 1833 he was appointed District Attorney and in 1851 was appointed Attorney General of Pennsylvania by Governor Johnston, an office that he held until January, 1852. He was again appointed in 1855 by Governor Pollock and remained in office to 1858. He was a delegate of the Whig and Republican parties to the National Conventions that nominated Clay, Taylor and Lincoln. In 1847 he was chairman of the Whig State committee. In 1880 he was chosen chancellor of the diocese of Central Pennsylvania.

Terse Teegrams.

FORT PLAIN, November 28.—Kate Smuley, who fasted 263 days, is in a weak and comatose condition, and the physicians think she is dying.

WELLINGTON, Ks., Nov. 28.—Captain David L. Payne, a famous leader of the Oklahoma Boomers, died suddenly this morning while breakfasting.

ALBANY, Dec. 1.—Henry Smith, Speaker of the Assembly in 1872, a prominent Republican and lawyer, died this morning of congestion of the brain.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The bark Luke Bruce has been in collision with the steamer Durango, in the English Channel. The Durango was sunk and twenty persons were drowned.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The sheriff last night levied on the wholesale store of Kramer Brothers & Co., dealers in hats. Their liabilities are stated to be $150,000 and their assets $100,000.

DENNISON, Ohio, Dec. 1.—In a saloon row last night, the result of a long-standing feud, Robert McClister, shot and instantly killed Joseph Welsh. The murderer was arrested.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 1.—The receipts of wheat for the past week from Atlantic ports were 11,600 quarters; from other sources, 19,000 quarters. The receipts of corn were 23,400 quarters.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 28.—Last evening Norris Eaton, a farmer, in the town of Manlius, who has been annoyed by skunks stealing chickens, shot at a black spot in a straw stack and killed an unknown man hidden there.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—Information was received at police headquarters at noon that the coal sheds alongside the New York and New England railroad had fallen, burying three men beneath the coal and timbers. Their names are unknown.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—An auctioneer is now selling off the furniture at Ben Butler's mansion on Capitol hill. The building has been rented by the senate for committee rooms and is now being made ready for occupancy.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 28.—At a meeting of the Connellsville coke producers' syndicate, to-day, a reduction of from 6 to 10 per cent. in wages of all laborers employed at the ovens of the association was agreed upon, to take effect on December 1. The reduction will affect about 8,000 men.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—As an item of news we announce the fact that Col. Bain, of Kentucky, will lecture in Humes' Hall in Bellefonte on Tuesday evening next at 7 o'clock on the subject, "The safe side of life for young men." Col. Bain lectured in Bellefonte once before to a large and pleased audience. He is very eloquent. But the NEWS is and always will be very indignant with him because in the late campaign he was one of the individuals who assisted to turn back the cause of temperance a half century by persuading men to vote for St. John and thus defeating the greatest and best man who ever lived and making the election of Cleveland possible. While, therefore, we are willing to forgive Col. Bain as a man whose zeal was terribly misdirected, we cannot persuade ourselves to enthuse over him. We hope that in his lecture he will not give expression to any of his very peculiar political opinions, and see no reason why the subject, if handled with discretion and skill, will not be highly interesting and beneficial to all who hear him. The lecture will be free.

—Pray why should the National Guard of this State attend Cleveland's inauguration? If the man in whose honor this ceremony is performed had any claim to distinction there would be some justification for the movement, but we imagine the young and patriotic soldiers are not longing to do honor to one who is neither a soldier nor a statesman.

—James R. Barker, who was put off a freight train near Gallitzin tunnel on Tuesday, was quite painfully though not seriously hurt. He is supposed to be from Steelton, Pa. He was taken to Altoona and will probably be sent to the county almshouse to-day.

Something New in Ceiling Decoration.

The ladies have long enjoyed a monopoly of "crazy" fancy work of all descriptions. There are crazy cushions, quilts, etc. It remained for a gentleman friend of the writer, whose home is not more than 100 miles from Bellefonte, to introduce something new in the "crazy" line. He happens to be a gentleman of elegant leisure and endowed with a certain amount of mechanical skill. Therefore, about a week ago, to "put in the time" and to give vent to his genius as well as to develop an idea that had found a lodgment in his ever fertile brain, he began the decoration of the ceiling of his sleeping apartment in the crazy style. To use his own language, he was weary of loafing and "to pass the time" secured specimens of about one hundred different styles of elegant gilt and other paper and put them on the ceiling selecting and disposing of them with an eye to taste and harmony. This employment was only with the object of "whiling away a passing hour," and he had no idea that the result would be sufficiently satisfactory to be lasting. But the work was completed a few days ago and the effect is so pleasing that he has determined to let it remain. The ceiling is 15x13½ feet and, as we stated before, has about one hundred separate patterns of paper on it. It is extremely odd and can well be called a "crazy ceiling." But why should not a "crazy ceiling" be as suitable as a crazy quilt? Perhaps this much divulged of the confidential information given by a friend may open up a new industry.

—Henry Mitchell was found in a dying condition in his room in the National House at Mifflintown, Monday forenoon. He had taken a room, but not getting up until a late hour an investigation resulted in finding him lying on his face in bed breathing his last from the effects of an over-dose of laudanum. The bottle which contained the drug was found at his bedside. Doctors Crawford and Banks used all the appliances known to medical science, but the vital spark had fled. The deceased was between thirty-five and forty years of age and a son of Doctor Mitchell, formerly of Perry county. He was steward of the Mifflin county almshouse.

—A nice dish for breakfast is made in this way: Take some slices of cold beef or lamb, season them with pepper and salt and broil them; take some raw potatoes and after taking off the skin pare them or slice them as you would pare an apple; dip these thin parings into a batter made of flour and milk; then fry them a delicate brown in a good liberal allowance of very hot lard. This is served on a platter, the meat put on first and the potatoes laid over it.

—We learn with regret of the death the other day of George R. Barrett, Esq., who has recently been making his home in Dubois. Mr. Barrett will be remembered as at one time a resident of this place where he read law. He was then a young man of talent and promise, writing much for the *Centre Democrat*, and his productions were of a very brilliant character. He was also a good political speaker.

—The expenses of keeping the poor people of the borough of Bellefonte for the month of November, 1884, amount to $150. This includes fuel, clothing and provision.

J. M. KEICHLINE, O. P.

Business Notices and Other Items.

FALL AND WINTER SEASON, 1884 and 1885.—Our new stock of woolens now in. Leave your order to-day.

16 36 MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—If the author of "Beautiful Snow" had seen only the one and a half inch mixed-up-with-mud affairs that have fallen this winter he could never have written that poetic gem.

—The President will have the appointment of 172 postmasters in Pennsylvania, one of which is the postmaster for Bellefonte. The salary is $1800 per year, which will be very acceptable to any one of the Democratic aspirants for the position.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by druggists. 16 30 1y

A Grand Business College.

Prof. S. S. Christie's School of Business in Lock Haven is becoming daily more and more popular throughout Centre county. There is perhaps a larger proportion of young men from this county attending that college than attend any other similar institution in the country. In truth, the ability of its principal is the real reason for this. While he was in the famous Eastman Business College, in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., he was the life and soul of that institution and contributed to its fame throughout the country. The graduates of Christie's new college have been peculiarly fortunate in securing lucrative positions and the institution has a remarkable future before it. The citizens of Lock Haven have great reason to be proud of what it has already accomplished.

Brain Work.

This is the age, and this is the country of great mental activity. Speculation, invention, enterprise, politics, educational progress, are the avenues for thought, exercise and development. The brain cannot continue to use its forces in all these directions without being sustained and recuperated by some natural aliment. Chemical science and medical skill have finally produced the food that can restore the exhausted brain and sustain the mental faculties in full vigor to extreme old age. And this food, now extensively used in the regular practice of all the leading physicians in the United States and Europe, is the VITALIZED PHOSPHITES of F. CROSBY Co., of New York, and which is more fully described in our advertising columns.

Output Decreased.

The Clearfield *Citizen* says the quantity of timber cut this year, in Clearfield county, will not reach more than half the usual output. Prices have been so low that it does not pay to run lumber to the eastern markets. It is thought that the coming winter will be a mild one, in which case very little lumber will reach the market.

Catarrh

Is a very prevalent and exceedingly disagreeable disease, liable, if neglected, to develop into serious consumption. Being a constitutional disease, it requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, effecting a radical and permanent cure of catarrh in even its most severe forms. Made only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Bellefonte Markets

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

BELLEFONTE, December 3, 1884.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 80
Mixed Wheat	75
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	60
Oats	30
Clover seed, fair to good	$4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 50
do choice	5 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 20
Flour, wholesale	4 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 18
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	17
Country Bacon	11
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	25
Potatoes (new), per bushel	40
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—10
Canned corn "	10—12½—40
Lemons per doz	38
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 16 01y

New Advertisements.

ELECTION NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Bellefonte Gas Co.:

The annual election of said Company will be held at the office of E. & E. M. Blanchard, on MONDAY, the 5th DAY of JANUARY, A. D. 1885 between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m. A President, six Managers, Secretary and Treasurer to be elected for the ensuing year.

E. M. BLANCHARD,
16 47 3t Secretary.

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, in Howard township, in the month of August, 1884, a dark brindle yearling steer, with notch in right ear. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove, property, pay charges and take the animal away or he will be disposed of according to law.

A. J GOODFELLOW.
16 47 3t.

THE GREATEST AND THE BEST.

THE LARGE DOUBLE WEEKLY, RELIGIOUS AND SECULAR.

NEW YORK OBSERVER.

Established 1823.

UNDENOMINATIONAL,
UNSECTARIAN,
EVANGELICAL AND
NATIONAL.

No paper in the country has a more experienced and able corps of editors.

Besides the regular editors the Observer has a host of paid contributors and correspondents all over the world, including home and foreign missionaries, travelers, scholars, divines, poets and literary men and women.

The departments of Agriculture, Business, Sunday School Teaching and Religious Work are conducted by experts who write clearly and to the point. The Observer does not fill its columns with long essays and old sermons.

The New York Observer

IS A LIVE NEWSPAPER,

Furnishing each week

A RELIGIOUS SHEET,

full of instruction, encouragement and truth, and

A SECULAR SHEET

Containing all the news.

Price $3.15 a year. Special terms to clergymen.

Specimen copies free.

Address,

NEW YORK OBSERVER,
16 47 3t NEW YORK.

Lines which Give a Complete Summary of News from Loveville and Vicinity.

LOVEVILLE, Nov. 28, 1884.

Winter's coming.

Moon-light once more.

More snow fell this week.

Yesterday was National Thanksgiving.

Mercury registered eight degrees above zero Tuesday last.

Mrs. Root and children expect to start home to-morrow (Saturday.)

Mr. Sinnickson Smith departed for Bellefonte on the 26th instant to eat his Thanksgiving turkey.

Mr. Samuel D. Fisher, on Monday last, killed the largest hog that has been slain in this vicinity. It weighed 374 pounds.

Loveville's weather prophet, Mr. David Gates, has been telling your correspondent when it will snow and it hits every time.

If it continues snowing a little every day the farmers can soon use their sleds and the young folks can enjoy themselves with moonlight sleigh-riding.

Mr. T. J. Gates, of the Blair County Bank, Tyrone, and wife and child made a short visit with their friends in this community last week.

Rev. S. McHenry, pastor of the Lutheran church of Centre Line and who for quite a while was deterred from duty because of indisposition, was again in the pulpit on Sunday last.

The aged and esteemed lady, Mrs. Elizabeth Rumbarger, departed this vale of mortality for the bright realms of rest on Thursday, the 20th inst., and was buried on Saturday, there being a large concourse of sorrowing friends in attendance.

While in Gatesburg recently, we tarried at the general merchandise store of Mr. Matthias Rider and found that polite gentleman in attendance. He is kept busy with a large trade. He is a very clever, genial fellow and deserves much success.

Mrs. Johnson, mother of Mr. Martin Johnson of Marengo and a very aged lady, met with a serious misfortune at the funeral of Mrs. Rumbarger. On coming down the steps in the church she unfortunately fell. We failed to learn the extent of her injuries, but trust they will not prove fatal.

On Thursday last Mr. Harry G. Ebbs hitched up his buggy team preparatory to going to Tyrone. Having occasion to go into the house, he left the team stand unhitched. When he returned they had disappeared. On tracing them he found them in the Ross hitching ground one mile from home. Next time, Harry, just throw the strap across the post and you will save time.

On the same day that the above escapade occurred, Mr. Frank Gates, while moving his thresher across the L. and T. R. R. below Marengo, got it in such a shape that one wheel became fast, thus rendering it immovable. While they were trying to get it loose the train came along and the engineer, failing to see the obstruction till too late, could not stop, and the result was he ran into it, sending the splinters in all directions. Fortunately, no one was hurt.

In a recent visit to Tyrone, we visited the implement store of J. S Waite & Co., and it being about midday, the affable proprietors placed us under obligation to them for our dinner. We were glad to see that those gentlemen are doing so good a business, as they are first-class business men. We also had the pleasure of meeting the Rev. G. W. Baker and wife, of Port Matilda. Mr. Baker kindly showed us the young Master—Baker a very lovely child only a few months old, but as yet possessing no definite "given" name. We suggest, Mr. B., that you christen it C—H—Baker, which we think would be appropriate as well as nice. WEB.

[Let us hope that "Web" does not use those initials to designate the President and Vice President-elect. Those are the last names in the universe to bestow on a "lovely child." Permit us to suggest B—L—as far preferable as those characters designate men who are glorious even in defeat.—ED.]

Doings at Dix Station.

DIX STATION, Dec. 1, 1884.

DEAR EDITOR: The notes I give below are intended for the DAILY NEWS if you can publish them.

John Weaver is building an addition to and otherwise improving his farm house on the Grenville farm, He has also placed some modern conveniences at the Flowing Fountain for the special use of Taylor township and the community. It is located along the plank road near this place.

The farmers hereabouts are slaying their porkers, Samuel Cuniher killing one the other day that weighed 409 pounds.

The sportsmen here are meeting with success. I know of nine wild turkeys being killed on the mountains. V. B., T. F. and T. Fugate killed three venison last week.

McAlister & Fickes are doing a large business in the stor room of John T. Fowler's at Fowler Station.

D. X.

—From memoranda handed us by Mr. Zeb. W. Bathurst, we learn that Camp K. R. Breeze, No. 12 of Bellefonte, Sons of Veterans, met recently and organized a drum corps, composed as follows:

Captain, Austin B. Ammerman.
Base Drummer, Zeb W. Bathurst.
Tenor Drummers, Harry Williams and George Glenn.
Fifers, Samuel Fisher and George Kennedy.
Color Bearer, Robert Seibert.

December.

We extract the following learned remarks upon the month which has just been ushered in, from our esteemed daily visitor, the Altoona *Tribune* of Monday morning:

With to-day we begin the last month of the year. It was not always the last month, for in the old Roman calendar, before the time of Julius Cæsar, the year began with March, and in those days the month which is now the twelfth was the tenth hence the name—decem, ten. To our Saxon ancestors it was known as the Mid winter month and Yule month. Yesterday being the first Sunday in Advent, was the beginning of the Christian year. December is the month which enjoys the proud distinction of containing the shortest day—21st—and also as the month to which the greatest holiday belongs—Christmas. Outside of these two noteworthy events it is noted chiefly for the remarkable unstability of the weather. No month of the year excepting March contains higher winds, and none excepting April has such variable weather laid to its doors. Rain and snow, sunshine and shadow stretch out over the thirty-one days which go to make it up and no weather prophet has yet been found who could combat successfully with its many peculiarities. Possibly old age is the cause of all this variableness. Being on its last legs the year is doubtless of the opinion that it can do as it pleases.

To the hunter who live in the state of Pennsylvania, December is the month in which he is expected to finish up the shelving of game if he intends to abide by the laws of the same. With the last day of the month the rifle and shot gun are relegated to the background. But during the month he has a variety of game to select from if he is fortunate enough to get within shooting distance of it. On the 15th of December the end of the deer hunting season arrives. Until the 1st of January, however, squirrels, rabbits, wild turkeys, plover, woodcock, quail and pheasants can be sought after and killed if found. The hunter is likely, therefore, to put in the major part of the time in the woods this month.

But as "all roads lead to Rome" so does each day bring nearer and nearer the holiday of holidays—Christmas. No event is looked forward to so eagerly by the boys and girls, and even "the children of larger growth" find themselves speculating as to the presents which shall be given on that day. It is the day which all over the world is celebrated. The palace and the hovel are illuminated, and the prince and the peasant celebrate the occasion according to their means. That the latter's means do not amount to the sum total of the former is no reason on which to base the supposition that the peasant does not enjoy himself.

Accident at Johnstown.

The Johnstown *Tribune* says the combination baggage and mail car attached to the Rockwood accommodation on the Somerset & Cambria railroad was turned upside down at the station in this place Friday evening. The accident happened in this way: The train was "shifted" and "made up" preparatory to starting on their return trip. The engine and combination mail and baggage car were connected and were backing toward the station, the intention being to disconnect them at the switch and run the car on the main track and the engine on the siding. When they arrived at the switch and the brakeman undertook to disconnect he found that the coupling pin was fast. Before he could signal the engineer or switchman, the latter had turned the switch, and, without being uncoupled, the engine ran in on the siding while the car continued on the main track, the result being that the body of the car was thrown from the trucks and upset. Mr. Wesley Zufall, night messenger at Rockwood, who was in charge of the baggage department in the absence of Mr. McCutcheon, was in the car but leaped from it as it was tilted on its edge. His head struck the engine as he jumped and he was thrown with great violence to the ground. Prompt assistance was rendered and upon examination being made it was found that he had received a severe wound on the head, his body badly bruised and he had also received some internal injuries. He was taken to his home in Rockwood.

Literary Progress up Buffalo Run.

The following comes to us from Buffalo Run in the form of a communication dated November 29:

"A literary society has been organized in the Waddle District for the benefit of all who will take advantage of the privileges it offers. George P. Wieland, editor of the society organ, the Buffalo *Gnat*, has been exerting himself to his utmost ability to make that paper entertaining and amusing to all, and it is believed he has well succeeded. There is no term to be found in Webster's dictionary which will adequately express the progress made by the society. We give the names of such of the officers as we remember:

President, E. R. Holmes.
Vice President, J. H. Moore.
Secretary, ———.
Treasurer, Miss Myra Wolf.

On each occasion that this society has given an entertainment the audience has been well pleased, and the good results which flow from these gatherings are very important.

ERASTUS."

—Christie's School of Business in Lock Haven has been in operation one year and is meeting with unprecedented success.

Furniture and Bedding.

J. C. BRACHBILL. W. R. BRACHBILL.

J. BRACHBILL'S SONS,

Furniture and Bedding!

The Largest Stock!
The Lowest Prices!

UPHOLSTERING A SPECIALTY.

NO. 20 SPRING STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16-28tf

The Turkey.

It is safe to assert that during no week in the history of any country have a larger number of turkeys been consumed than were eaten in this country last week. Almost every private family consumed one or more; at every public repast that bird graced the table; while in innumerable numbers of charitable and even in penal institutions turkey was served to the inmates. This feathered biped is closely associated with all our efforts to exhibit joy and return thanks, and during the holiday season, now fast approaching, the bird will be sought for longingly as indispensable to all festivities.

What of that other proud and much vaunted bird, the American eagle? What does he accomplish for the amelioration of the human race? Now that the echoes of patriotic campaign oratory have become silent, who thinks of the bird whose chief accomplishment seems to be his capacity to fly high and stare the sun out of countenance? Perched in his lofty aerie, who thinks of him at this glad season? He must indeed feel lonely and desolate, and somewhat envious of this more humble barnyard fowl whose praises are now in everybody's mouth and which is administering to the comfort and satisfaction of all men.

In view of this, why not use the turkey as a national emblem—in times of peace, at least, if not in war? What can be more expressive of our attitude toward all mankind? We say to all the world just as the turkey says to us, "My relations with you are solely for your benefit." But if at any time we find it incumbent upon us to pounce down upon some little State and carry it away, appropriating it to our own use, then the bird of prey will occupy its proper place as a national exponent of power and rapacity. At present, however, we feel a slight degree prouder of the turkey than of the eagle.

Complete the Railroad.

Why not lay the rails on the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad at once? It is absurd to bring a railroad line four-fifths toward completion and then let time and the elements destroy what has been done. By this policy the railroad company are losing a good winter's trade; and this, too, when the outlay of only a few thousand dollars would secure it or them. Why is the railroad company so short-sighted as to forego the benefit of the trade which it might receive were the line completed? Therefore, finish the railroad at once and benefit the company and all who are located along the line.

Miscellaneous.

CATARRH

Is undoubtedly caused by impure blood. Hence a medicine which purifies the blood removes the cause of the disease and opens the way for a thorough cure. This is exactly what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, and it makes the cure complete by giving the system health and strength, and enabling it to throw off the depressing effects of the disease.

CATARRH

Is permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. A. Ball, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me more for catarrh and impure blood than anything I ever used."

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh, and think it has done me a great deal of good. I recommend it to all within my reach. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been worth everything to me" LUTHER D. ROBBINS, East Thompson, Conn.

CATARRH

May be breaking down your health. Be wise in time! That flow from the nose, ringing noise in the ears, pain in the head, inflammation of the throat, cough, and nervous prostration will be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I had been troubled by general debility, caused by catarrh and humors. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved just the thing needed. I derived an immense amount of benefit from it." H. F. MILLETT, Boston, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 DOSES ONE DOLLAR.

16 14 1y

STRAY HOG.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Snow Shoe township, on or about the 15th day of October, a white hog. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or he will be disposed of according to law. EDWARD H. POORMAN.

16 47 3t

Administrator's Notice.

ESTATE OF DAVID ETTERS, DECEASED.—Letters of administration on the estate of David Etters, late of Benner township, Centre county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted to Clement Dale, of Bellefonte, in said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

CLEMENT DALE, Administrator

16 44 6t*

Miscellaneous.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Joseph Branstetter, late of Half Moon township, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the deceased to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

HARRY BRANSTETTER, Administrator.

Warrior's Mark, Huntingdon Co., November 18, 1884. 16 45 4t*

THE AIM —OF— **DOLL'S**

MAMMOTH

Boot & Shoe

ESTABLISHMENT:

TO CRUSH

High-Toned Prices and Gilt-Edged Profits.

THIS MUST AND WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED.

My long and active experience in the sale of custom and ready made Boots, Shoes, Slippers, &c., gives me the advantage of knowing the wants of all classes of people. An experience of twenty years enables me to buy or have made such goods as will suit the trade.

My stock of

Boots, Shoes, &c.,

for LADIES AND MISSES, MEN AND BOYS, is simply immense. Better goods were never put together. The style of workmanship and variety has never been equalled at this or any other house. All my goods are of the best make and the prices are scaled down to insure rapid sales. Everybody will therefore subserve their own interest by buying at

DOLL'S

Old Reliable Boot and Shoe Store,

NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Great Bargains

TO BE HAD AT

DOLL'S MAMMOTH SHOE STORE,

AT HIS NEW STAND,

Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa., between First National Bank and Post Office.

I guarantee to sell 20 per cent. lower than any other house in the city. Buyers may, therefore rest assured that they can save money by dealing with me, so please call and examine my goods and learn my prices before investing your money elsewhere.

No trouble to show goods.

LOUIS DOLL, Proprietor.

Bellefonte Sept. 17, 1884. 16 36 3m

Great Inducements

OFFERED AT THE

BELLEFONTE

MARBLE WORKS

—IN—

Italian, Rutland, Sutherland Falls, French, Blue and Dorset

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES

—AND—

Burial Vaults.

GRANITE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Sutherland Falls Tiling, with Isle La Motte Marble for Border.

Tubular, Galvanized and Wrought Iron Fencing for cemetery lots and private yards.

GRAVE GUARDS, IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS & VASES AT SPECIAL RATES.

Also Enameled Slate Mantels, Marbleized and Decorated Hearths, Fire Grates, Registers, Furniture and Wash-stands, Toys, Bracket Shelves, &c., &c.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

S. A. STOVER,

PROPRIETOR.

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Medical

Health AND Vigor

—FOR THE—

BRAIN

—AND—

Nervous

System.

CROSBY'S

VITALIZED

PHOS-PHITES,

Composed of the Nerve-giving principles of the Ox-Brain and the Embryo of the Wheat and Oat.

This is a standard preparation with all physicians who treat mental or nervous disorders. The formula is on every label. Its chemical composition is superintended by a Professor of Chemistry.

As it is identical in its composition with brain-matter, it is rapidly absorbed, and quickly relieves the depression from intellectual effort, fatigue, loss of memory, or mental irritability.

Sleeplessness, irritation, nervous exhaustion, inability to work or study, is but a brain-hunger—in urgent cases, brain starvation. This brain nutriment quickly feeds the hungry nerves and restores brain power. It is a cure for nervous disorders and debility in old or young.

Brain-Workers Need Brain-Food.

Crosby's Vitalized Phos-phites Should be Taken as a Special Brain Food.

TO BUILD UP WORN-OUT nerves, to banish sleeplessness, neuralgia and sick headache, I have not had a severe headache since I began its use, it was my great trouble before.—*Dr. Guyan.*

To PROMOTE good digestion.—*Dr. Filmore.*

To "STAMP OUT" consumption.—*Dr. Churchill.*

To "COMPLETELY cure night sweats."—*John B. Quigly.*

To MAINTAIN the capabilities of the brain and nerves to perform all functions even at the highest tension.—*Ed. Treasure Trove.*

To RESTORE the energy lost by nervousness, debility, over-exertion or enervated vital powers.—*Dr. W. S. Wells.*

To REPAIR the nerves that have been enfeebled by worry, depression, anxiety or deep grief.—*Miss Mary Rankin.*

To STRENGTHEN the intellect so that study and deep mental application may be a pleasure and not a trial.—*B. M. Couch.*

To DEVELOP good teeth, glossy hair, clear skin, handsome nails in the young, so that they may be an inheritance in later years.—*Editor School Journal.*

To ENLARGE the capabilities for enjoyment.—*National Journal of Education.*

To "MAKE life a pleasure," "not a daily suffering." "I really urge you to put it to the test."—*Miss Emily Faithfull.*

To AMPLIFY bodily and mental power to the present generation and "prove the survival of the fittest" to the next.—*Bismarck.*

To RESTORE lost powers and abilities.—*Dr. Bull.*

THERE is no other VITAL PHOS-PHITE, none that is extracted from living animal and vegetable tissues.—*Dr. Casper.*

F. CROSBY CO.,

56 West 25th Street, New York.

For sale by Druggists; or by Mail in P. O. Order, Bill or Postage Stamps, $1.

46 46 1y

S. & A. Loeb.

1000

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's

SUITS

Of the Celebrated

Rochester Make

Just received and put in stock for

Fall and Winter

SALES.

These goods are in every particular equal to any custom made garments, and at much lower prices, and

Superior in Quality.

Superior in Workmanship.

Superior in Trimmings.

Superior in Linings.

Superior in Fit.

To any other Ready Made Clothing sold in Centre county, and at equally low prices to any other.

5000 Pairs

—OF—

Men's, Boys,' Ladies,' Misses' and Children's

SHOES

of the most celebrated makes, of acknowledged superiority in quality and workmanship.

Prices Always the Lowest.

S. & A. LOEB

Bay 1t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Day of Thanks.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—Thanksgiving day passed quietly in Baltimore. There was an entire suspension of business. Most of the churches were open for service and they were well attended. In the forenoon a variety entertainment was furnished by the Central theatre to the convicts in the penitentiary. After the entertainment the entire number were supplied with a Thanksgiving dinner to which ample justice was done.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Thanksgiving day passed very quietly. Business houses were closed as on Sunday. Many social organizations paraded the streets prior to taking routes out of town and the charitable institutions gave their inmates generous dinners of turkey.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The celebration of Thanksgiving day was very generally observed here to-day. Business was almost entirely suspended and several of the large mercantile establishments took advantage of the occasion to give Tanksgiving dinners to their employees. The devotional services at the churches in the morning were all well attended. Sumptuous dinners were served at the newsboys' home, the almshouse, prisons and reformatory homes, and to the inmates of all the charitable institutions. The Second regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, celebrated the forty-fourth anniversary of its organization in the afternoon with a street parade The matinee and evening performances at the various theatres were all attended by the usual large holiday crowds.

Khartoum Still Besieged.

DONGOLA, Nov. 25.—Spies report the forces of the Mahdi encamped around Khartoum to the number of between 15,000 and 20,000 men. Cattle and native produce are still procurable for a long distance south of Dongola. General Wolsley made an inspection of Colonel Sir Herbert Stewart's mounted infantry previous to their advance to Handak, and expressed himself much pleased with their excellent appearance.

Several native traders state that General Gordon has permitted aged people to leave Khartoum. They prefer to join the village tribes rather than risk the hardships of a prolonged siege. The Mahdi's followers are menacing all caravan routes, frequently debouching to the river near Debbah, and preventing supples of cattle and camels from reaching Khartoum. General Gordon has repeatedly repulsed the attacks of rebels in their strenuous efforts to capture Omdermum, on the opposite side of the river.

Paying an Election Bet.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Mrs. John Mulliken, a lady well-known in Boston for her many deeds of philanthrophy, during the late campaign had an argument with a son of ex-Mayor J. V. C. Smith on the result of the election. Mrs. Mulliken wagered $50 to $300 that Cleveland would carry New York State by 10,000 majority, and, if she lost, to square herself and get back the $50 she would sell peanuts on the street.

She acknowledged her loss and says that she will pay the bet to-morrow if she lives and the weather is fine. She has got a license to erect a tent on the Common, near the Park Street gate, and has purchased her stock of peanuts and will be ready to open business at 9 a. m. sharp. Office hours will be from the time mentioned until 9 p. m., during which time Mrs. Mulliken will not take rest or food. If the whether be inauspicious the store will open at 9 a. m. the first succeeding fair day.

The Last Spike Driven.

HUNTINGTON, Ore., Nov. 25.—At 3:30 this afternoon the formal ceremony of the connecting of the Oregon Railway Navigation Company's system of roads with the Oregon Short Line took place here, thus completing the fourth transcontinental line. The last spike was driven by the officials of the Oregon Railway Navigation and Union Pacific roads. Immediately following the ceremony a special train of the Oregon road ran down to the Idaho line crossing the Snake river bridge. The new line for the entire distance from Omaha to Portland, Ore., is in complete readiness for traffic. Through freight will be received to-morrow at both ends. The track is pronounced by experts to be the finest west of the Missouri river.

A Minister and an Editor Fight.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Nov. 24.—The Sunday before election Rev. W. E. Loucks, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, preached against immorality in politics. Since that time the *Pharos*, a daily Democratic paper, has published insinuations concerning Mr. Loucks' character, which were twice retracted. This afternoon's paper renewed the assault. Meeting Mr. Louthain, the editor, on the street, Mr. Loucks took him to task about the publication, when the former applied an offensive epithet to the latter, when Loucks struck him a violent blow, knocking him across the sidewalk, and stood ready to continue the fight, but Louthain retreated. It is said that Mr. Loucks' congregation supports him in his action.

Illinois' Decisive Vote.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—A motion for an attachment to compel County Clerk Ryan to produce the tally sheets, poll book and ballots of the Second precinct, Eighteenth ward, of this city, was argued in the federal court here yesterday morning. The allegation is made that the returns from that precinct have been tampered with in connection with the Leman, republican, and Brand, democratic, senatorial contest, the final determination which will settle the question of a republican or democratic majority on joint ballot in the state legislature. The attorneys for Ryan denied the jurisdiction of the federal court, but Judge Blodgett declared that the court clearly had jurisdiction, and directed the county clerk to produce the ballots, poll book, and tally sheet before the grand jury within an hour. The grand jury had in the meantime adjourned to 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Before the grand jury reconvened an attorney appeared before Judge Blodgett, saying he represented a candidate for the house of representatives of the state legislature whose district included the disputed precinct; that according to the returns made his client was defeated, but that he had hopes that a recount of the ballots in the regular election contest would show that his client was elected, and, finally, that if the federal grand jury were allowed to handle the ballots it would prejudice his client's contest. On this statement the judge decided to hear further argument and ordered that in the meantime the grand jury should not have access to the ballots. County Clerk Ryan therefore appeared before that body at 2 o'clock with only the poll book and tally sheet, which were inspected by an expert from the subtreasury. The result of the inspection was not made public.

Another Embryo State.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Watson Squire, Governor of Washington Territory, in his annual report, says the manufacturing industries of the Territory have attained a highly gratifying degree of improvement, that of lumber taking the lead. In many cases the Indians are engaged in prosperously cultivating the soil, and it is believed the system of allotting a suitable quantity of land to them in severalty can and ought to be encouraged. If they could be induced to concentrate and altogether abandon certain reservations, it would conduce much to the development of the Territory by the settlement and cultivation of large tracts of valuable land that are now unproductive.

Touching the Territorial law conferring upon women the right to vote, the Governor says: "Although many of our citizens are disposed to question the wisdom of this law, especially when attended with the requirement that women should serve as jurors, it meets with the approval of a large majority of the people, and the women of the Territory are for the most part strongly desirous that the enactment be retrained upon our statute books. Thus far it seems to be attended with no important results unfavorable to the welfare of the people of that territory."

The report states the value of the assessed property of the Territory is $50,513,852, with one county to be heard from. The Territory is entirely out of debt, and on July 1, 1884, had a balance of $47,901 in the treasury. The population of the Territory is estimated at 150,000, and the Governor, in conclusion, presents a number of reasons to support the claim of Washington Territory for admission into the Union as a State.

Death of Henry Ivison.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The founder and, until his retirement about four years ago, the head of the largest school book publishing house in the world, died at his home in West Forty-eighth street yesterday. About 40 years ago, when Mr. Henry Ivison began business on his own account in this city, he was convinced that it would pay to confine his energies mainly to the publication of school books, though well aware that to do it successfully would require immense capital and peculiar sagacity in making selections. Henry Ivison was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1808. Had he lived he would have been 76 years old next Christmas day.

Fire at Allentown.

ALLENTOWN, Nov. 27.—The building occupied by Schlegel, Ziegenfuss & Co., and Rutter & Bayer, as a furniture factory and planing mill, was burned down at 12 o'clock last night. The loss of Schlegel, Ziegenfuss & Co., is $10 000. Ritter & Bayer also suffered to the extent of $3,000 and Pretz & Tate, who owned the building, engine and boiler to the amount of $8,000. The flour mill of Pretz, Weinsheimer & Co., adjoining was damaged to the extent of $500 and the building of the Elliger Real Estate Association on the opposite side of the street, $2,500. The fire is attributed to incendiarism.

Mails Burned.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 26.—The eastern and foreign mail leaving New Orleans on Sunday night, November 23, was burned and a large number of permits for space in the world's exposition destroyed. The managers of the exposition state that duplicates are being issued as rapidly as possible. Applicants in the eastern cities should report at once the non-receipt of permits in order to avoid any delay.

Hanged.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 26.—Frank Casey, colored, who murdered Charles Watson in Argenta, opposite this place, was hanged to-day.

Moll Pitcher's Picture.

TRENTON, Nov. 25.—The celebrated picture of Moll Pitcher charging the cannon in the battle of Monmouth has been hung in the executive chamber of the State Capitol. It is the property of J. T. Crowell, of Rahway, who vaalues it at $5000. The Legislature last Winter authorized the purchase of a picture on this subject by the Library Commissioners, and Mr. Crowell has had his hung in the Governor's rooms in the hope that the commission will decide to purchase it.

Emma Abbott's Danger.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 24.—Emma Abbott had an unpleasant experience at her hotel in Minneapolis last night. The room beneath her's had a fire in the grate, the smoke and fumes of which escaped from the chimney into the apartment occupied by the little singer, nearly suffocating her. She was aroused from her slumber by the unpleasant smell and just succeeded in reaching the door and giving the alarm when she fell almost insensible. Had she been a heavy sleeper there might have been one less prima donna.

Mr Hendricks Denies the Story.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Mr. Hendricks before leaving New York yesterday said of the rumored breach between himself and Cleveland that it was not true. "My visit was purely one of courtesy, and I did not converse with Mr. Cleveland upon any topics connected in the slightest degree with the policy of the next administration. I am utterly at a loss to know what ground there can be for such a report, for I assure you that there in not one word of truth in it at all."

Women Pleading for Woman.

QUEBEC, Nov. 25.—A number of leading ladies, including the wives of ex Judge J. T. Tascheran, of the Supreme Court; Hon. J. Langelier, Mayor of Quebec; Senator Pelltrie, Judge L. B. Caron, and others, have signed a collective letter, which was forwarded to Lady Lansdowne, begging her to intercede with the Governor-General for the commutation of the sentence of death passed on Mrs. Boutel, who stands respited until Thursday next.

An Enemy of Bismarck.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The *North German Gazette* says the Duke of Cumberland will continue to be the determined adversary of the Empire. In view of his intimate relations with the Centre party the government cannot consent to make Brunswick the headquarters of a Guelph policy or sacrifice the peace of forty-five million people to the particular interest of any house, however ancient or distinguished.

Two Very Large Mortgages.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 26.—Two mortgages, one of $13,000,000 and the other for $3,000,000, have been filed in the County Register's office by the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company. They were given to James W. Davidson, W. H. Barnes and Conrad Baker as trustees to secure the Pennsylvania Railroad.

CATARRH.—Without assuming to write out a thesis of this universal ailment, facts warrant our saying that it seems to us that there never was a season when it was so prevalent as the present.

The above is preliminary to the following, viz.: That Messrs. Hood & Co., of Lowell, believe that the best way to treat Catarrh, and the only way to get permanent relief is through the blood. A constitutional disease requires a constitutional remedy. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a blood purifier and constitutional medicine can be relied upon, and has cured numerous cases of Catarrh in its various forms. We think this claim a reasonable one and gladly give it room in our columns.

Two Men Cremated While Asleep.

ST. PAUL, November 25.—James Ryan and James McCarthy, of Hyde Park, Wabash county, were going home last night with a team from Hammond's Ford, but stopped on account of a severe snow storm at the shanty of Tim Donohue, in the timber. While they were all asleep the shanty took fire. McCarthy barely escaped and rescued the team from an adjoining shed. The other two men were burned to death.

A Physicians' Picnic.

Mr. Alfred Speer, who was the first to introduce the cultivation of the Oporto grape in this country, had a number of New York physicians to inspect his vineyards and warehouses at Passaic, N. J. About sixty doctors took the Erie train. The vineyards are over fifty acres in extent. Here the visitors found the small dark Portugese and the native Concord grape in abundance.

Among those present were Dr. E. H. Janes, of the N. Y. Board of Health, Dr. Alex. B. Mott, of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Dr. William H. Haynes, of the Presbyterian Hospital, &c., &c. The wines were pronounced as equal to any produced in the world.—*N. Y. Tribune.* Sold by druggists.

Boston *Transcript:* "Come now, this is too bad!" exclaimed the squeamish boarder, as he picked a water bug from the interior of a hot biscuit. "It is too bad," replied the landlady; "but let us hope that his death was sudden and painless."

There is nothing like Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to quickly cure a cold or relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs. M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak, St. Joseph Co., Mich.

When a bank is rated f. c., people think it is first-class. It often means for Canada.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. may18 1y

The Sorrows of Harriet Lane.

The first bachelor President had quite a brilliant administration socially. His niece, Harriet Lane, was in many respects a magnificent woman. Her appearance was striking and her manner winning. Intellectually she was very strong, and she presided over her uncle's household with a dignity and grace that has handed her name down to posterity as one of the best female characters ever in the White House. She has seen great sorrow since those days. Her uncle, whom she loved as a father, has passed away and her two little boys, 10 and 14, the fruit of her happy marriage, have both died within the past three years. Her husband also departed this life suddenly within the past year, and the brilliant mistress of the White House of a little more than a quarter of a century ago is a childless widow.

No Grease for Him.

"When Greece her knees—Greece her knees—Greece her knees," stammered an embarrassed school boy, forgetting the next line of his recitation. "There is no occasion to grease anybody's knees," shouted his teacher. "Go and study your piece." Neither is there occasion to grease your hair. Parker's Hair Balsam is all the dressing you want. Restores the original gloss and color to gray or faded hair. Does not soil the linen; not a dye; good for the scalp; prevents falling out.

Pittsburg *Telegraph:* A young dude who persisted in smoking in a ladies' sitting-room at a railway station was "fired" out of the apartment by a gentleman who remarked: "When there is so much smoke, there must be some fire."

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching; very distressing, particularly at night; seems as if pinworms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also, for tetter, Itch, salt-rheum, scald-head, erysipelas, barbers' itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty skin diseases. Box, by mail, 50 cts.; 3 for $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa. Sold by druggists. may6 1y

N. Y. *Tribune:* When a Chinaman wants to dye his hair he drinks the dye. Sometimes the Chinaman dies himself, and sometimes he dyes his hair in this way. In either case the stuff does its work and everybody is satisfied.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 16 27 1y

Esquimaux girls are said to be very pretty and not fond of ice cream. Hot drinks and blubber are their weaknesses, and sealskin sacques can be purchased for a song.

A Weak Back, with a weary aching lameness ever the hips is a sign of diseased kidneys. Use the best kidney curative known, which is Burdock Blood Bitters.

New York *"Mail:"* The difference between a leg and an egg is, one is broken before it's set and the other is set before its broken. There are other points of difference, too, but the above seems to be the most important one.

E. H. Dempsey, Utica, N. Y., says: "I had an ulcerated tooth, my face swelled and gave me great pain. I used Joseph's Oil and experienced immediate relief. I think it the most wonderful pain killer I ever saw. Sold by John Harris.

There are now 186 members in the Incorporated Society of Authors, of which Tennyson is president. All writers are invited to become members. Committees have been appointed on dramatic copyright, and the registration of titles.

Send us 5 gross of Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills; such is the order received, and why? Because they always do just what we recommend them to do.

N. Y. *"Com. Adv.:"* "Julia, your father concedes your election by a majority of one." "A pretty close figure, Henry," she coyly observed. I should rather call it a tie, Julia," was Henry's gallant response.

No wise person thinks of traveling without a bottle of Shedd's Excelsior Cough Syrup with them.

"The *Judge:*" The model coachman sleeps with his boots on and his grip-sack under the bed. He knows not at what dread hour he may be summoned by the eloping angel.

Miscellaneous.

DON'T BUY A WATCH

Until you have seen and examined the

Rockford Watch.

At the Company's Agency in Bellefonte, or in the hands of over

300 SATISFIED OWNERS

IN

CENTRE COUNTY.

Frank P. Blair,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Sole Agent for Centre County, Pa., for the

Rockford Watch Co.

76

THE TOLEDO BLADE.

(NASBY'S PAPER.)

Circulation 191,000.

The largest circulation of any Weekly Newspaper in the United States.

The Largest Paper published in the United States at One Dollar per year.

The Best Paper and the Cheapest Paper.

The Only Paper publishing the Nasby Letters.

The Blade alone, $1.00 per year; with Waterbury Watch, $3 50; with Steel Engraving of Pilgrim's Progress (a $10 engraving), $2.00.

Special terms to club raisers made known on application. Any week's issue of the Blade announces our bargains in cheap books, pictures, etc.

We want EVERYBODY to send postal card to us for a specimen copy.

It will tell its own story. A column advertisement would not afford room to describe its various departments and our announcements for the coming year. Write for a specimen, and also send the addresses of your friends.

THE BLADE,

TOLEDO, O.

A PURELY

NATIONAL PAPER

Circulating in Every State.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

Farm for Sale!

I will offer my farm for sale consisting of one hundred and seventy-seven acres (177) situate in Liberty township, Centre county, Pa., three miles west of Beech Creek town and known as the George Metzger farm. Said farm has all modern conveniences consisting of

GOOD HOUSE AND BARN,

a never failing Spring of Water for house and stock use, two good apple orchards of choice fruit, peaches and pears, and all convenient out buildings. Said premises will be sold on easy payments. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned in the borough of Beech Creek, or on the farm.

GEORGE METZGER.

16 45 1m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Samuel Baxton, late of Huston township, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the deceased to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement

JOHN D. HENDERSON, Adm'r.,
16 42 6t P.O. address Julian Furnace, Pa.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 23, 1884.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 07
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 03
Fowler	6 39	6 06
Dix	6 42	6 09
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 51	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 35
Hannah	7 57	8 40
Port Matilda	8 05	8 50
Martha	8 13	9 00
Julian	8 23	9 12
Unionville	8 33	9 24
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 32
Milesburg	8 45	9 35
Bellefonte	8 55	9 45
Milesburg	9 05	10 00
Curtin	9 15	10 09
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 14
Howard	9 26	10 24
Eagleville	9 36	10 36
Beech Creek	9 40	10 41
Mill Hall	9 52	10 57
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 23, 1884.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.13 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.15 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.54 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 23, 1884.

WESTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler	1 15	5 50
Marengo	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road	1 35	6 10
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58

EASTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 26	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

Miscellaneous.

A. V. SMITH,

(Successr to Harry Teats & Co.)

GROCER,

61 High Street,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

16 13tf

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Winter Term Begins Sept. 10, 1884.

EXAMINATIONS FOR ADMISSION, SEPT. 9.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President*,

14-28-1f *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Celery.

—Turkey.

—Mince pie.

—Holiday goods are being received by our merchants.

—The Huntingdon county teachers' institute was in session last week.

—It's a wise turkey that refuses to get fat at this season of the year.

—Almost every hunter who has been to the woods this year has a startling deer story to tell.

—The ladies of the Mite Society of the Millheim Lutheran church held a grand fair and festival on Thanksgiving night.

—The Modocs—celebrated hunters of Boalsburg—recently made an excursion to the woods and brought back three deer.

—During the recent revival meeting in the Millheim M. E. church, 44 persons were converted and 30 members admitted into the church.

—The managers of the Montour Iron and Steel works at Danville intimate that they will be compelled to close their establishment soon until trade revives.

—DeVoe says there will be very little snow in December. The Altoona *Tribune* says this will be good news for the four-dollar-a-week clerk who has a best girl.

—The horse driven by Sheriff Dunkle is certainly one that can be trusted to keep the road without the guidance of a driver over the most dangerous roads and on the darkest night. On Tuesday night, November 25, the horse attached to a buggy, got loose while the Sheriff was at Centre Hall and made its way over the mountain to this place, arriving at the jail all right.

—A sermon preached by Rev. Wm. Laurie in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning, Nov. 23, has attracted considerable attention and admiration because of the bold position it took on the subject of dancing. We understand that the reverend gentleman is opposed to it in every way, shape and form, and this is certainly very safe ground for every consistent Christian to stand upon.

—Natural gas was introduced in the Hartman steel works, at Beaver Falls, a few days ago, to take the place of other material for fuel. This was the first attempt, and it attracted a large crowd of spectators. The experiment was entirely satisfactory to the owners of the mills, who have heretofore expended $75,000 annually for fuel. Other manufacturers will make similar changes, thus making a saving of 15 per cent. over the use of coal. The tumbler works, at Rochester, Pa., and the Phœnix glass works, at Phillipsburg, N. J., are already using gas for fuel with great satisfaction.

—Jas. M. McReery, of Gillingham, Clearfield Co., is 70 years of age, but is still an expert hunter, having pursued the sport about all of his life. He says he has killed 1500 deer and can remember when the fleet-footed animals were so numerous that the farmers would pay him a dollar a day to keep the deer out of their corn fields. Mr. Isaac Haupt, of this place, started Friday morning for Clearfield county where he will meet Mr. McReery and together they will go on an excursion after game. They will doubtless do as much as any other two men in this or Clearfield county to deplete the forests of their inhabitants.

—A diamond was brought to this country some time ago to be cut and it was said to be valued at $50,000 the most valuable ever cut in the United States. Because of the election of Cleveland it was called the "Cleveland gem." But a few days ago this gem (?) was examined by an expert who says it is not worth more than $15,000. This, we predict, will be the way with the fellow after whom it was named. Democrats now seem to consider him sort of a wonder, but it will take only a few days of his administration for the people of the country to discover that an empty-headed dunce is occupying the place of honor.

—Shaw & Merrill have erected one of the largest lumber camps on the Little Moshannon Creek and have it finely equipped for business. They have fifty men employed, all of whom were selected because they are experienced lumbermen. It would be difficult to find anywhere a similar number of men, so stalwart in form and so thoroughly inured to the hardships of a lumber camp. They expect to put in three million feet of white pine this season, and have a large force of men employed in making the Little Moshannon creek ready for floating logs in the Big Moshandon and thence to Lock Haven where their mill is located. We also learn that the Little Moshannon has lately passed into the control of a company incorporated for the purpose of floating logs.

In Memoriam.

The feeling and appreciative obituary notice which we publish below was written by an intimate friend of the late John Philip Dehaas. His surviving relatives and acquaintances will doubtless read with interest this tribute to his memory:

"John Philip Dehaas died after a sickness of ten weeks at his home in Curtin township, Sept. 14, 1884, in the 67th year of his age.

"Mr. Dehaas was born in Beech Creek township, Clinton county, Pa., March 21, 1817, and was a great grandson of an illustrious sire, viz., Gen. John Philip Dehaas, commander of 1st Penn'a Battalion of Revolutionary fame, who after the close of that eventful struggle he became the princely owner of much property in the city of Philadelphia together with many thousand acres of valuable land in this and Clinton counties.

"In the death of John P. Dehaas, Jr., Curtin township has lost one of her most influential and respected citizens; a man who contributed largely to its every interest, and whose long record has been one of continued public improvement and labor for the best interests of the community in which he lived.

"Early in life Mr. Dehaas became a member of the Disciple, or Christian church, and was the first male person baptised in the waters of Beech Creek. He was a devout pioneer of the then small but now large body that constitutes the membership of that church. For many years, however, he did not commune with the brethren, and his zeal seemed to relax to some extent.

"I do not wish to convey the idea that he was not in every respect a thoroughly moral and upright man, for during a period covering more then a quarter of a century of the most intimate acquaintance with the deceased, I never heard him take the name of God in vain or use any word that even bordered on profanity. All his actions were such as to win for him the respect of these who knew him. Within the last year, however, he viewed life as God desires that all men should view it and gave his heart unreservedly to the Master. During his last severe illness he, with the Psalmist, could exclaim: "Yea, though I walk through the valley and shadow of death I will fear no evil. Thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff they comfort me." And with this faith, as his shadow had lengthened far toward the east on a beautiful Sunday evening in the evening of his life, calmly and without a struggle the spirit of John P. Dehaas returned to the God that gave it.

"The funeral procession was a very long one. The obsequies were conducted by Elders Blair and Long and were very impressive and solemn. Mr. Dehaas leaves a wife, three sons and three daughters to mourn his loss. Such is life. *We* "are only waiting till the shadows are a little longer grown." So let us live that "when He who is our life shall appear that we shall appear with Him" and enter in through the gates to the city of our God. J. A. D."

Mistaken for a Turkey.

The accidents which happen to hunters are becoming painfully frequent this year. It appears that a man in the woods may be mistaken for any kind of game from a bear to a turkey, and the following, which is from the Everett *Press*, relates almost a fatal mistake of the latter kind; "Mr. Abraham Shaffer, a well-known and respected citizen of West Providence," says the *Press*, "met with a very painful and almost fatal accident a few days ago. It appears from what we could gather about the unfortunate affair, that one Crawford was out hunting wild turkeys. A flock was discovered and scattered by his dog. He then went through the woods calling the turkeys in order to get a shot at some of them. Mr. Shaffer's attention was called to the birds, he got his gun, secreted himself behind a log, and began to call too. Crawford advanced very near to Shaffer's hiding place, creeping along on hands and knees, when Shaffer, making the noise of a turkey and raising his head slightly above the log, was seen by Crawford who, thinking he saw one of the turkeys, fired. Six shots struck him in the face and neck, one in the forehead penetrating the outer bone of the skull, two above the left eye, one above the right eye, one in the mouth and tongue, and one in front of the right ear. Dr. E. J. Miller was called and took the one out of his forehead. It was flattened out like a three-cent piece. Fortunately none of the shots are serious."

—The Wilkesbarre *Sunday News Dealer* publishes another disgraceful story about Governor Cleveland. When he (Cleveland) was 17 years old he attacked and knocked down a boy only 11 years of age. The boy who was knocked down is now an employe of the *News Dealer* and relates the facts connected with the affair in his own language.

Thanksgiving-day Notes.

Quite a large congregation attended the Union Thanksgiving service in the M. E. church on Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock and the services were extremely interesting. The sermon by Rev. Mr. Furst was a very fine production and was delivered with telling effect.

The text of Rev. John Hewitt's discourse in the Episcopal church on Thursday morning was from Matthew 13:39. The central thought of the sermon was upon the Thanksgiving time as one of a completed harvest, consequently a season at once of joy and solemnity.

It would have been difficult to find a home in Bellefonte on Thursday where the turkey had not entered.

Many of the pleasure-loving young people spent the afternoon and evening at the Rink.

The business places were closed.

Building operations did not cease, as those who are engaged in the work know that they must improve the shining hours before intensely cold weather begins.

The earliest thanksgiving on record in the Colony of Massachusetts was held on the 22d of February, 1631, under circumstances that are recorded as follows in Young's Chronicles:

"But now as the winter came on provisions began to be very scarce upon the grounds aforesaid and people were necessitated to live upon clams and mussels and ground-nuts and acorns and these got with much difficulty in the winter time. Upon which people were very much tired and disappointed, especially when they heard that the Governor himself had the last batch of bread in the oven and many were the fears of the people that Mr. Pearce, who was sent to Ireland to fetch provisions, was cast away or taken by the pirates. But God, who delights to appear in greatest straits, did work marvelously at this time, for before the day appointed to seek the Lord by fasting and prayer, about the month of February or March, in comes Mr. Pearce ladened with provisions. Upon which occasion the day of fast was changed and ordered to kept as a day of Thanksgiving, which provisions were by the Governor distributed unto the people proportionable to their necessities."

Notes of November Court.

The jury in the case of Commonwealth against Ed. A. Goodfellow returned a verdict of guilty.

The case of the Commonwealth against Mrs. Esther Navran, charged with larceny, was called and tried, and a verdict of guilty rendered. The defendant in this case is a rather comely little Jewess, and mother of three children. The evidence in the case was entirely circumstantial as to taking $53 of money belonging to Mrs. Sarah Sullivan.

The grand jury passed upon all the bills of indictment laid before them, with the following result:

Commonwealth vs. George Wohlford and McClellan Stram, forcible entry and detainer. Bill ignored and county to pay costs.

Same vs. George Richards, larceny. True bill.

Same vs. Wm. Hoover, larceny. True bill.

Same vs George Spangler and Curtin Dehaas, larceny. True bill as to George Spangler.

Same vs. Ernest Wright, larceny. True bill.

Same vs. Thompson Reece, larceny. True bill.

Same vs. Abram Jackson, assault and battery. True bill.

Same vs. Edward Greenwalker, assault and battery. True bill.

Same vs. Wm. Green, assault and battery. True bill.

Same vs. Hepburn Blomer. True bill.

Mr. Albert Owen's Narrow Escape.

Our friend, Mr. Albert Owen, while riding from Cresson to Loretto, on Tuesday, Nov. 25, in company with Dr. John Lowman, of Cresson, and Mr. John E. Strayer, of Johnstown, made a narrow escape from what might have been a horrible accident. The Altoona *Tribune* says the gentlemen were on their way to the convent at Loretto, Dr. Lowman having been summoned there on professional business. "The horses were trotting briskly, and the driver's attention was temporarily diverted from them at the moment they arrived at the crossing of the Ebensburg and Cresson branch, about half a mile from Cresson. A passenger train arrived at the crossing almost simultaneously with the carriage, and would have certainly collided with the vehicle had not Mr. Strayer, seeing the great peril the party was in, seized the lines and pulled the horses, which were already on the track, back to the road. Another instant and the members of the party would doubtless have met a horrible death."

—An infant son arrived at Sylvester D. Ray's house, on Howard street, on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 25. Congratulations.

—The work of extending the steam pipes across Spring creek is now in progress.

Incendiary Fires in Huntingdon County.

Information from Huntingdon says that another of those mysterious fires which have recently alarmed the farmers of that county and the insurance companies occurred on Sunday night, Nov. 23.

The large barn of Mrs. Elizabeth Neff, in West township, eight miles from Huntingdon, was totally destroyed, with a number of hogs, large quantities of grain and hay, wagons and personal property. The contents belonged to J. G. Bumgardner, the tenant, and were insured to the amount of $1,200. There was no insurance on the building. This is the fifth barn burned within the last week or two. Insurance agents intimate that these fires will probably lead to an increase of rates in that county and the cancelling of some of the policies. Farmers talk of organizing for the protection of their property and of taking extraordinary measures for ferreting out the incendiaries. It is impossible to conjecture the motive with which this burning is done.

—The people of Huntingdon county are to be congratulated upon the fact that they are henceforth to have the services of Judge Furst. His high attainments and great powers, both physical and mental, will enable him to do the work acceptably in the two counties which comprise his district. No suitor will complain of unfairness, and the members of the bar will be invariably treated with the utmost courtesy. In the judicial office learning is indispensable, but it is scarcely of less importance than character. The character of the judge touches and permeates the administration of the laws. He can uphold or degrade the morals of a community, and if noble he can stamp much of his nobility upon the functions of his court. Judge Furst will not only worthily uphold the authority of the Commonwealth, observe equity, and make the law a terror to evil-doers, but he will do more than this in holding up a high standard of moral excellence.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

Looking after a Home.

The Pottsville *Miners' Journal* says Assistant Bishop Rulison, of the Central Pennsylvania diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, is casting around for a comfortable and convenient location for an Episcopal residence. He has not removed his family to the diocese. The churchmen of Williamsport, Harrisburg Scranton, York and Bethelem are offering inducements for him to locate among them. Assistant Rulison is a man of medium height, of commanding presence, and wears a full beard. He is in the prime of his manhood, being about 44 years of age. His family consists of four daughters, the eldest about 16. He is a widower, having lost his wife about six years ago. Wonder if some of the influential churchmen of Bellefonte cannot offer inducements that will attract this good-looking Bishop in this direction.

Juniata Valley Editorial Association.

The Juniata Valley Editorial association met in Huntingdon, on Saturday, Nov. 22. After the usual routine business was transacted the election of officers for the ensuing year took place with the following result: President, H. C. Dern, of the Altoona *Tribune;* vice president, J. A. Nash, of the Huntingdon *Journal;* secretary, E. Conrad, of the McVeytown *Journal;* treasurer, George Shrom, of the Newport *Ledger*. George B. Goodlander, of the Clearfield *Republican*, Hugh Lindsay, of the *Local News*, and W. W. Trout, of the Lewistown *Free Press*, were elected as an executive committee.

Roller Skate Flirtation.

As roller skating is to be all the rage this season, we publish the following roller skating flirtation for the benefit of our readers: One foot in the air means "catch me;" two feet in the air means "mashed;" hitting the back of your head with your heels, "I'm gone;" one skate in your mouth, "too full for utterance;" punching your neighbor in the stomach with the left foot, "kiss me, if you don't I'll hit you;" suddenly placing yourself horizontally, like a letter V, indicates "I am paralyzed."

—The *Weekly Blade*, (Nasby's paper) of Toledo, Ohio, is now the largest and best Dollar Family Newspaper published. During the recent campaign, it reached the enormous circulation of 200,000, and it leads *all* other papers by many thousand. They will mail specimen copy free on receipt of address. See advertisement elsewhere.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, and in this way positively cures catarrh.

—The tramp has been in Bellefonte quite numerously of late.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH, our new book, tells how *any* woman may become a mother *without suffering any pain whatever.* Also how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two-cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Md. 16 40 3m

—His Honor, the President Judge, indulged in a delightful little nap while the court was dragging its tedious length along the other day.

"ROUGH ON COUGHS."

Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

HEART PAINS.

Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"ROUGH ON CORNS."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" POROUSED PLASTER.

Strengthening, improved, the best best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

THIN PEOPLE.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Headache, Nervousness, Debility. $1.

WHOOPING COUGH,

and many Throat Affections of children promptly, pleasantly and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

MOTHERS.

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

LIFE PRESERVER.

If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"ROUGH ON TOOTHACHE."

Instant relief for Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25 cents.

PRETTY WOMEN.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try Wells' Health Renewer.

CATARRHAL THROAT AFFECTIONS,

Hacking, irritating Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, cured by Rough on Coughs. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"ROUGH ON ITCH."

Rough on Itch cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

THE HOPE OF THE NATION.

Children slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate, use Wells' Health Renewer.

WIDE AWAKE

three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Wells' Rough on Coughs. Troches 15c.; Balsam 25c.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" POROUSED PLASTER.

Strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia. 16 27 1y

Miscellaneous.

A Card to the Public.

Miss Emma Snyder has just returned from Philadelphia after two weeks' absence. During part of her stay in the city she was under instructions in L. S. Custer's trimming department, after which she purchased a fine selection of Millinery Goods, and she invites the people of Bellefonte and Centre county to call and examine goods and work. Her store is on Bishop street, opposite Ceader's bakery. 16 38 m

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA.

For 30 years have been engaged in t streatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 10-6-81y*

Foundry & Machine SHOPS, AND Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

CASTINGS

on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

MILL AND ORE BANK MACHINERY

Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

HICKS & GRIFFITH,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

June5d&wtf

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the only complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh, New Goods for the

Winter Season

OF

1884.

Stock Complete! Nothing Wanting!

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—No breakfast can be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

15-44tf

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—*Au revoir*, November.

—The curb markets are growing small by degrees and beautifully less and will soon go inside for winter quarters.

—Mrs. Mary W. Grier, wife of W. Hayes Grier, editor of the Columbia *Herald*, died last Friday morning at three o'clock.

—"Dancing" has become a subject of discussion in assemblies of all descriptions in Bellefonte. It will bear discussion, if not practice.

—The second week of court began on Mondax, which brought a larger number of people than usual to town on the 10 o'clock a. m. train.

—A bundle of papers addressed "Mr. Thos. Clark, Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa.," is held in the Lock Haven post-office for want of postage.

—December is here and is not very prepossessing or inviting in appearance and action, though perhaps he will improve on longer acquaintance.

—Hon. George J. Eldred, of Mackeyville, met with an accident while at work in the woods on Friday which may deprive him of the sight of one eye.

—As the National Congress began at noon Monday, it is fair to suppose that the tendancy of travel will be toward Washington for some time to come.

—Artesian wells are to be sank at St. Aloysius Academy in Loretto, Cambria county, and a good supply of water will thus be ensured at all times.

—The clouds hang in the sky so heavy and black every night, that the moon is of very slight practical use so far as its illuminating qualities are concerned.

—Colds in the head are again dominant and put those who are afflicted with them in that angelic frame of mind which fits them only for heavenly spheres.

—We are now satisfied that the defeat of Mr. Blaine has been also the defeat of Mr. Arthur and Mr. Conkling during the existence of the Republican party.

—Mrs. Mary Sarah Lane, widow of the Rev. P. P. Lane, of Newport, Pa., received fatal injuries when attempting to cross the railroad in front of a moving train on Wednesday morning of last week.

—Harry Williams, of the Philipsburg *Ledger*, wrote a very entertaining description of the ceremonies attending the opening of the new railroad to that place, which appeared in the latest issue of his paper.

—The editor of the Philipsburg *Journal* becomes more and more disgusted daily with the horde of greasy vile Italians that crowd that place His fastidious soul abhors the sight of them, and he so expresses himself in the late issue of that paper.

—What we have no doubt was an excellent dinner of turkey, etc., was partaken of Tuesday in Centre Hall by two of Bellefonte's young people. We hope that Mr. George Bible and Miss Sarah Bradley are as fond of the bird as we are. If so their excursion was very agreeable.

—Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the Woman's National Temperance union, has issued the following: "That the infinite spirit of Christ may rule and reign in our hearts, making them tender, true and teachable, I ask the local unions to observe as a day of fasting and prayer the 4th day of December next."

—It is said by Democrats that Blaine's speech together with the comments of the NEWS made them sick. Dear Democrats, we sympathize with you; but you are doomed to more than slight illness before the next four years are passed, and you will long for that Republican rule which will make you all well again.

—The members of council and all the citizens of the town want the borough streets to be lighted every night from dark until 12 o'clock, but the great expense which such a movement will entail constitutes the only hindrance. To be sure, forty years ago there were no street lamps and every Bellefonter carried a lantern and such a dernier resort of economy might be advisable just now until the treasury becomes plethoric again, but it certainly would not suit modern requirements. We agree with others that the practice of furnishing light only on moonless nights is somewhat nonsensical, as mistakes are constantly being made and darkness reigns supreme, when light would be most acceptable.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Washington City—Present Aspect—Anticipated Removals—Probable Democratic Policy, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 1st, '84.

The capital of this nation is in many respects, as indeed it should be, the most beautiful and elegant of American cities. The location, to begin with, is much in its favor, and the plan of its streets and avenues, different from any other city, is the best that could be devised, for the convenience of citizens, and for the display of the magnificent residences and public buildings which will grow more numerous and more costly and elegant in ratio to the country's development and progress. In these respects it will soon outvie the proudest of European capitals. The public buildings already, in size, beauty and value of material, architectural construction, &c., exceed those of any other nation. When Philadelphia was laid out it is difficult to suppose that its future growth was taken into consideration, but the original plans for Washington City certainly contemplated and provided for the vast requirements of an unlimited future.

Years ago there was a good deal of talk about removing the capital to the interior of the country—the vicinity of St. Louis being the favorite locality; but now that Washington has grown to such magnitude, and having such a number of Government buildings in addition to the most beautiful Capitol in the world, erected at immense cost, and upon the most extensive scale of magnificence, and, also, possessing such numbers of private residences, costly churches, educational and other institutions, the idea of removing the Capital of the United States to any other locality will never become a serious question with our people.

THE SOCIAL AND POLITICAL ASPECT.

During the present season there will be a great change wrought in the political and social aspect of Washington society. A visit to the hotels, and a walk through Pennsylvania avenue discloses to the observer a numerous return already of the old Bourbon element so conspicuous and influential in this city before the war. Power regained is the expression you read on many a cynical face under the Southern broad-brim slouch hat. For many years there have not been so many rooms engaged in hotels and boarding houses so early in the season. The F. Fs. of Virginia and other southern states, with designing mammas and pretty daughters, will aspire to their old time position as leaders in the circles of fashion; political plotters and schemers will be early on hand, and many a lean and hungry Cassius from the Democratic ranks will come begging to be fed with the loaves of office. Yet with all this promised motley influx of strangers into the city, the boarding house and hotel keepers do not seem to be much elated. They say the chances are not good for making much money out of such a crowd of prospecting carpet-baggers.

REMOVALS FROM OFFICE.

Among the thousands of clerks, and with the officials at the heads of the different departments, much anxiety is felt as to the degree of respect that will be shown the Civil Service Reform question by the incoming Administration. But the more prominent politicians of both parties are of the opinion that Mr. Cleveland will prove to be more conservative in his methods than is generally supposed. He evidently does not belong to the Hendricks' school of the Democracy. He will not care to turn over the business of the various government offices and departments into entirely new hands, and thus, by such radical changes, to jeopardize the success of his administration at the very beginning.

Mr. Cleveland has frequently said that the government should be run on business principles. Business principles try to secure protection to the business interests; and it is to be hoped that the new President will afford the country a practical illustration of his doctrine. It is quite certain that Mr. Hendricks, and other rebel sympathisers, and the "Solid South" will oppose Mr. Cleveland's views in this matter. They will cry out for a change from the highest official through all grades of clerkships down to the door messengers and porters. It is very generally believed, however, that Mr. Cleveland is not an easy man to be bulldozed in any such fashion. He is already evincing signs of a disposition not only to be considered, but actually to be the President himself, whatever the radical Bourbons may think about it.

DEMOCRATIC POLICY.

In our opinion the Democratic policy of the new Administration will be conciliatory and highly conservative. The campaign hobby-horse of Free Trade will be turned out to pasture, and before the four years are out the genuine American doctrine of Protection will be the biggest plank in the Democratic platform. The Free Trade sentiment will go to roost with the old Bentonian idea of hard money.

Mr. Cleveland is a northern man, with northern education, and familiar with the great industrial interests of the northern and middle states, and even with ordinary good sense he is not going to subject his administration to ridicule, and the country to ruin, simply to gratify the Solid South, or that portion of his own party whose Democracy consists in the cry of Old Hickory, Free Trade, and Free Whiskey.

Such men as Randall, Thurman and Pendleton will step to the front, the semi-rebel aims of the South will be repudiated, the country will soon recover from the depressing results of the late election, and business matters and interests will soon be adjusted, and move smoothly in the channels of continuous and increasing prosperity.

HIRAM TORREY.

A Long Meeting of the Borough Council.

The first of December meeting of the Borough Council was perhaps more than ordinarily interesting and it was certainly long enough to accomplish an infinite amount of legislation.

Mr. P. Dooley appeared before that body and requested that a street hydrant in front of his property be removed to another location. His request was referred to the Water Committee.

Then Mr. Cox, who lives near Gordon & Landis' machine shops along the railroad, appeared and petitioned for more light. A disposition to furnish the required light was apparent, the only hitch being the proper *modus operandi*. Request was referred to Street committee with power to act.

The Street committee reported through its chairman, Mr. Tate, in reference to the laying of a boardwalk on the thoroughfare leading from Brown's coal office to Willow Bank house and also in regard to the street south of Logan street which has been opened, but which has not yet been named. Mr. Shortlidge suggested that as it is next to Logan St. the thoroughfare should be named Blaine. The fact that it is in the Solid South might be an objection. The subject of a name was left in the hands of the Street committee to report.

Mr. Shortlidge severely criticised the Street committee for delay in building the said boardwalk from Brown's coal office to Willow Bank. It had been ordered to do this work two years ago, and had not yet made any progress. Mr. Tate, the chairman of the committee, replied.

The Water committee reported that all the water pipes are laid that have been asked for and the transparent liquid is flowing through them. It is found to be difficult to reach the extremely high parts of Curtin and Bishop streets with water. The cost for coal and the time of operating the steam pump during the months of October and November were also given.

The Fire and Police committee reported repairs to the lock-up. Other interests in its charge, such as the removal of the Undine hose house are held in abeyance.

The market committee reported a constantly decreasing attendance and $2 30 receipts in two weeks. The nuisance committee did not render a report. The report of the Finance committee included a financial statement.

A sealed proposal for lighting the borough streets under the conditions heretofore prescribed, was given by the Bellefonte Gas Company, Gen. Beaver, Robert Valentine and Adolph Loeb being present to present the bid. It was the only bid received. The opinion of the council was that the sum named was beyond the present financal ability of the borough, and a resolution reciting this fact and requesting a supplementary bid at a certain rate per thousand feet was adopted.

There were several warm discussions between members, but the affair concluded as usual with that thrilling after-piece entitled "Passing Bills."

—The Presbyterians met on Friday evening in the church parlors in the beautiful new Sunday-school edifice. It was the regular meeting of the Mite Society, and although the rain came down in a very forbidding manner quite a large number of people concluded that, as they were neither as sweet as sugar nor as delicate as salt, they would venture forth. The parlors were exceedingly pleasant and cozy and the company of the most genial, social description, and the result was an agreeable evening. It was also profitable. The ice cream and cake supplied for refreshments were choice and tempting and a considerable sum was realized by their sale.

—Passenger travel on the railroad is reported to be very light.

Neighborhood News.

From the Altoona Tribune.

Mount Union has a woman who on a recent Saturday knocked her husband down and gave him a complete threshing.

H. S. Baker fell from the roof of a Lock Haven house on Wednesday, Nov. 26, fracturing both arms and receiving other very serious injuries.

The steam saw mill at Reedsville, Mifflin county, belonging to Beecher Moyer & Co., was destroyed by fire about 5 o'clock Wednesday morning Nov. 26.

Mr. B. F. Rice, of Saville township, Perry county, while driving through Newport on Wednesday evening, Nov. 26, was thrown from his buggy by a runaway horse. He wasn't much hurt though the vehicle was wrecked and the horse somewhat injured. A barking dog caused the mischief.

The barn on the farm belonging to the heirs of Samuel Woodsides, in Lack township, Juniata county, was burned to the ground on Monday afternoon, Nov. 24, together with the crops therein. It caught fire from an engine while threshing grain. The loss is about $2,000, with an insurance of $1,600.

Mrs. Mary Young, a lady of color, residing at Shade Gap, Huntingdon county, started for Mount Union on Tuesday, Nov. 25, in company with a companion of her own sex, but was arrested at Mapleton that evening and returned to her home to answer the charge of stealing $100 from her husband.

It Might be Mentioned—

That a young married man in Bellefonte fell into what the schoolmaster would term an "egregious mistake" the other day. His "better half" had some fine pictures of the baby taken at a Lock Haven gallery some time ago. The husband did not know where the skillful work had been done, but as he passed a Bellefonte gallery he saw what he thought was a duplicate of the precious pictures he had at home. Notwithstanding the photographer insisted that the picture was not that of his baby, he ordered a half dozen struck off for his special use, and now carries around in his pocket the pictures of somebody else's baby that looks just like the little darling he has at home.

Then it might also be whispered that a hunter living not far away brought what he insisted was a 22-lb. wild turkey to town the other day and sold it as such to a gentleman who determined to get the benefit of its sweet, gamey flavor on Thanksgiving day. But, then, the country woman of whom he purchased said turkey came to town a few days ago and gave the hunter away. It's not every day that even a skillful shot can bring down a 22-lb. wild turkey.

Some Marksmen.

The season for target practice so far as the Fifth regiment is concerned is closed, says the Altoona *Tribune*, which takes from the Bedford *Gazette* the following in regard to the scores made:

"The highest possible score is 50. Chaplain Stock's score was 47 and is the best made in the regiment, the next highest being Lieutenant Burns of company I. Quartermaster J. A. Rohrer follows with 45. Field and staff records are as follows: Major S. F. Statler 31, Chaplain C. M. Stock 47, Quartermaster J. A. Rohrer 45, Assistant Surgeon A. S. Stayer 40, Sergeant J. E. Thompson 35, Commissary Rhule 42, Adjutant H. S. Hall 40. The record by companies is given below. It includes those who are entitled to a medal, or if they have already won that trophy a bar is added to it: Company A, 1; company B, 9; company C, 1; Corporal Barley, with score of 31; company D, 1; Lieutenant Nagele with score of 35; company F, 7; company G, 13; company H, 5; company I, 22."

Death of Another Aged Citizen.

On Monday morning, December 1st, the venerable Jacob Fishburn, Sr., died at his home two miles south of Bellefonte. He has been ill with rheumatism and accompanying afflictions for seven or eight years past and had borne all his sufferings with supreme resignation. He was the model of patience and true Christian fortitude, and many bright and useful lessons might be learned at his bedside. He was held in the highest affection and esteem by all who knew him. But at length the bright flame of his pure life went out and the soulless clay is all that remains. We believe that he was a consistent and firm adherent of the Reformed church and in all his church relations always shed that bright example which is worthy of emulation. The funeral services took place on Wednesday morning, Dec. 3, the friends meeting at his late residence at 9:30 o'clock and the interment being made in Shiloh churchyard. He was in the 85th year of his age.

—Business in court last week was long, tedious and not of much importance.

Howard Happenings.

HOWARD, Pa., Nov. 29, '84

Very changeable weather this week.

A nice rabbit snow on Wednesday morning. Blair Hopking was one of the lucky hunters on that day.

Mr. Poulsen's ax-handle and spoke factory is about completed. Mr. Poulsen is also erecting a dwelling house.

Mr. Abe Holter's house is nearly completed.

Notwithstanding the turkeys, caution in roosting high this week, many were brought down and a pleasant time was spent and a good dinner partaken of on Thanksgiving at Mr. Turkey's expense.

The death cries of the defenseless porkers reach our ears every day, as the butcher wields his bloody knife with unmerciful skill.

Several persons are endeavoring to secure the post-office next Spring. Mr. Howard Moore's prospects for the appointment are rather encouraging. We think that Mr. Moore has a very suitable place for the post-office, and he is the next best man to present P. M., Mr. Long, who cannot be excelled for his faithfulness in performing the duties of his office.

MAC.

A Deer Collides with a Train.

Friday as a freight train on the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad was crossing the Summit, a buck deer came bounding out of the woods at great speed, and, being unable to stop collided with one of the moving cars. The buck fell back badly stunned, and laid on the ground as if dead. Engineer Thomas Gebbs, was in charge of the engine following and helping the train, slowed up, and jumped off and cut the buck's throat while he was attempting to regain his feet. The deer was put on the engine and taken to Tyrone, where the venison was divided among the prominent railroad men. It is supposed that dogs or hunters were chasing the deer.—*Altoona Times.*

A Bullet in the Heart.

From the Everett *Press*: Martin Miller, of West Main street, had a hog butchered last Wednesday by Mr. Steckman, from the heart of which hog a small bullet, such as is used in target guns by the boys, was found. The bullet was imbedded in the apex of the heart and surrounded by a gristy membrane. Early last summer the hog had been sick for some three weeks but came around all right in the end. It is supposed the bullet had been shot by some mischievous boy, and wounding the hog nothing was said about it. The bullet is in our possession. It is certainly an unusual occurrence.

—During the time that Judge Rockefeller, of Northumberland county, was in this place last week he heard arguments in several equity cases. Among them was one of P. F. Bottorf et al. vs. The School Board of Ferguson township. Judge Rockefeller filed an opinion in the case holding that the adoption of Raub's series of school books, before the election of teachers, and at a meeting without the teachers, was invalid and of no effect. He continued the injunction restraining the board from introducing said series of books.

—We have never heard in Bellefonte by preacher or platform lecturer, a more thrillingly real and beautiful description of the second coming of Christ to judgment than was contained in Rev. John Hewitt's sermon in the Episcopal church on Sunday evening. The subject of his discourse was appropriate to the first Sunday of the Advent season: "Behold I come as a thief," Rev. 16:15. A synopsis of it would give but a faint conception of what it really was; such a discourse must be heard to be appreciated.

—The city editor of the Williamsport *Sun and Banner* remarks: "Mr F. E. Bible, the new editor of the *Centre Democrat*, and P. Gray Meek, of the *Watchman*, are at it in good earnest it seems. Meek charges Bible with not paying his political assessments, while the Good Book retaliates by charging the Meek man with treachery. Now, Brethren, don't be harsh with each other, as your names would indicate anything but the manner in which you are proceeding."

—The Indiana *Messenger* says that the frequency of accidents occurring at Democratic jollifications throughout the country is all owing to the fact that Democrats are unacquainted with the use of guns and powder. If they had the experience the Republicans gained in the recent war, it continues, they would escape many accidents.

—William Tiley, a well known resident of Lilly's borough, died in that place on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 26.

—The annual reunion of the 131st regiment, Pennsylvania Vols., will be held at Lewistown on the 13th.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Geo. E. M. Laughlin is the new postmaster at Retort.

Mr. James Milliken arrived home Monday evening from New York City.

Messrs. Will and James Laurie and Walter Bayard, all we believe of Philipsburg, spent thanksgiving in in Bellefonte.

Mrs. A. S. Grow, formerly of Lock Haven and now a resident of the Quaker City, has been quite ill, but at latest advices was recovering.

Mr. C. W. Fredricy, of Howard, was in Bellefonte on Tuesday attending to business affairs. He contemplates removing to Kansas in a few months.

Mr. J. M. King has accepted the appointment of General Secretary of the Altoona Y. M. C. A. and begins his duties in that position this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Canfield, of Williamsport, are guests at the elegant mansion of Mrs. Canfield's parent's, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Orvis, on Linn St.

Mrs. Joe W. Furey and Miss K. M. Powers, of this place, were guests of the family of Mr. Owen Jones, of Osceola, last week. We believe the ladies have returned.

Rev. Prof. D. M. Wolf, of Spring Mills, was in Bellefonte Tuesday. He says that the next session of teachers' institute will begin in this place on Monday, the 22d inst.

Mr. T. P. Rynder, who has acquired considerable prominence of late because of his politcal aspirations, returned to his home in Milesburg a few days ago from the western part of the State.

—Some of our Presbyterian friends prefer the designation "chapel" to "Sunday school building" for their tasteful and beautiful new stone edifice on Spring street. The word "chapel," when applied to a building, means exclusively "a place of worship," which was our reason for giving it another title. We shall gracefully and cheerfully yield to the expressed wish of our Presbyterian readers, and henceforth the structure shall be known in the NEWS as the Presbyterian chapel.

—The Adelphic Orchestra is again a thing of life and beauty. It has been resurrected from its ruins by some of Bellefonte's musical young men and is again prepared to awake the echoes of sweet sounds. The rooms which it occupies in Humes' building are said to have been furnished in fine style, and here's to the health, long life and prosperity of the Adelphic.

—The Renovo *Evening News* of Monday contained the following item: "A. G Shope went to his home at Milesburg, Centre county, yesterday. It is altogether probable that he will visit Salona before he returns. And by the way it is now said that Al. will have a partner before the holidays."

—The ladies of the Mite Society of the M. E. church will hold a fair and festival on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, December 17, 18 and 19. People who are about to make other engagements for those dates can therefore defer any arrangements which will interfere with attending this festival.

—A carpenter named Edmonds was killed by the accidental discharge of a gun last Friday morning. His home was at Houtzdale and he was employed at the time in the house of Wm. Guss in New Castle near Houtzdale.

MARRIED.

SHIPLEY—BARTHURST.—On the 27th of November, 1884, by Wm. H. Smith, J. P., Mr. Alexander Shipley, of Union township, and Miss Dora Barthurst, of Unionville borough, all of Centre county, Pa.

REESE—MEEK.—In Houtzdale, on the 17th of November, 1884, by Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Mr. Oliver R. Reese, of Port Matilda, Centry Co., Pa., and Miss Mary Meek, of Houtzdale, Clearfield county, Pa.

SHORB—CRUST.—On the 15th of November, by Rev. F. T. Hennicke, at Lock Haven, Mr. Joseph Shorb, of Milesburg, Centre county, and Miss Adaline Crust, of Fillmore, Centre county.

SHOWERS—GEBHERD.—On the 18th of November, at the parsonage, by Rev. C. W. Sechrist, Mr. James C. Showers and Miss Mary E. Gebherd, both of Zion, Centre Co., Pa.

EDDY—ELDER.—On the evening of November 27, by Rev. C. W. Secrist, at the residence of Benjamin Piter, Mr. David C. Eddy and Miss Sallie E. Elder, both of Yankeetown, Clinton Co., Pa.

RUPP—CARPER.—On the 20th of November, by Rev. W. H. Groh, Mr. Alonzo Rupp, and Miss Annie E. Carper, both of Linden Hall.

KAMP—LEE.—On the 5th of November, at Centre Hall, by Rev. W. E. Fischer, Jacob Kamp, Esq., of Lock Haven, and Sallie R. Lee of Potters Mills.

MATTERN—BUSH.—On Nov. 25, 1884, at M. E. parsonage in Stormstown, Pa., by Rev. W. R. Whitney, Mr. Harvey T. Mattern, of near Scotia, to Miss Minnie E. Bush, daughter of the late John Bush, M. D., of Buffalo Run, Pa.

KURZENKNABE—HARTER.—On the 20th of November, 1884, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Benj. Hengst, Prof. Harry J. Karzenknabe, of Harrisburg, Pa., and Miss Lizzie Bell, only daughter of Jonathan and Susan Harter, of Millheim, Pa.

DIED.

FISHER.—On the 20th of November, of peritonitis, Annie Lilie Fisher, youngest daughter of Dr. P. S. Fisher, of Zion, aged 10 years and two months.

CORMAN.—On the 22d of November, at Aaronsburg, Mrs. Elizabeth Mingle Corman, in the 77th year of her age.

REARICK.—On the 23th of November, at Millheim, Mr. William Rearick, aged 83 years five months and 15 days.